Communications and Displays SITRANS RD200

Operating Instructions · 11/2012



SITRANS



Safety Guidelines: Warning notices must be observed to ensure personal safety as well as that of others, and to protect the product and the connected equipment. These warning notices are accompanied by a clarification of the level of caution to be observed.

Qualified Personnel: This device/system may only be set up and operated in conjunction with this manual. Qualified personnel are only authorized to install and operate this equipment in accordance with established safety practices and standards.

Unit Repair and Excluded Liability:

- The user is responsible for all changes and repairs made to the device by the user or the user's agent.
- All new components are to be provided by Siemens Milltronics Process Instruments.
- Restrict repair to faulty components only.
- Do not reuse faulty components.

Warning: Cardboard shipping package provides limited humidity and moisture protection. This product can only function properly and safely if it is correctly transported, stored, installed, set up, operated, and maintained.

This product is intended for use in industrial areas. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause interference to several frequency based communications.

Note: Always use product in accordance with specifications.

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SITRANS RD200

SITRANS RD200

SITRANS RD200 is a universal input, panel mount remote digital display for process instrumentation.

It accepts a single input of current, voltage, thermocouple, or RTD signals, and the four front panel buttons make the setup and programming an easy task.

The isolated 24 V DC transmitter power (optional) can be used to power the input transmitter, the 4 to 20 mA output, or other devices.

Two relays (optional) can be used for alarm indication or process control applications, such as alternating pump control.

4-20 mA isolated output and Modbus $^{\circ}\;$ RTU serial communication options make SITRANS RD200 an excellent addition to any system.

Safety Notes

Special attention must be paid to warnings and notes highlighted from the rest of the text by grey boxes.

CAUTION: relates to the caution symbol on the product, and means that failure to observe the necessary precautions can result in electric shock.



WARNING: means that failure to observe the necessary precautions can result in death, serious injury, and/or considerable material damage.

CAUTION: means that failure to observe the necessary precautions can result in considerable material damage.

Note: means important information about the product or that part of the operating manual.

The Manual

This manual provides instructions for the SITRANS RD200 remote display. The manual is designed to help you get the most out of your Remote Display, and it provides information on the following:

- Product specifications
- Outline diagrams
- Installation requirements
- Wiring diagrams
- How to program the unit
- Principles of operation
- Troubleshooting tips
- Factory defaults
- Quick user reference

If you have any questions, comments, or suggestions about the manual contents, please email us at **techpubs.smpi@siemens.com**.

For the complete library of Siemens Milltronics manuals, go to <u>www.siemens.com/</u> processautomation.

Power

Input voltage option 1

- 85 to 265 V AC, 50/60 Hz; 90 to 265 V DC, 20 W max.
- UL Recognized, 5 A max, slow blow
- May share one 5 A fuse among up to 6 meters

Input voltage option 2

- 12 to 36 V DC, 12 to 24 V AC, 6 W max.
- UL Recognized, 5 A max, slow blow
- May share one 5 A fuse among up to 6 meters

Transmitter power supply

One or two isolated transmitter power supplies (optional)

- Single power supply: one 24 V DC \pm 10% @ 200 mA maximum
- Dual power supplies: one 24 V DC \pm 10% @ 200 mA maximum, and one 24 V DC \pm 10% @ 40 mA maximum

External loop power supply

• 35 V DC maximum

Input impedance

- Voltage ranges: greater than 1 $M\Omega$
- Current ranges: 50 100 Ω (depending on resettable fuse impedance)

Output loop resistance

- 24 V DC 10 to 700 Ω maximum
- 35 V DC (external) 100 to 1200 Ω maximum

Mounting

Location

- Indoor/outdoor
- Panel mount 1/8 DIN
- Two panel mounting bracket assemblies provided

Ambient temperature

- Operating temperature range: 0 to +65 °C (0 to +149 °F)
- Storage temperature range: -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)

Relative humidity

• Relative humidity: 0 to 90% non-condensing

Installation category

• ||

Memory

- Non-volatile
- · Stores settings for minimum of ten years if power is lost

Programming

Primary

• Front panel

Secondary

- Meter Copy
- PC with SITRANS RD Software

Display

- 14 mm (0.56") high, red LED
- Four digits (-1999 to 9999), automatic lead zero blanking
- Eight intensity levels
- 2x option: 30.5 mm (1.20") high, red LED

Update Rate

- Process/RTD: 3.7 to 5/second
- Thermocouple: 1.8 to 2.5/second

Overange

• Display flashes 9999

Underange

• Display flashes -1999

Outputs

mA Analog

- 4 to 20 mA
- Isolated (optional)

Relays¹

- 2 SPDT Form C relays, 3A (optional)
- Auto initializing
- All relays rated 3A @ 30 V DC or 3A @ 250 V AC, non-inductive

^{1.} All relays are certified only for use with equipment that fails in a state at or under the rated maximums of the relays.

Control Relays

- Pump alternation
- On and off time delay
- Fail-safe or non fail-safe
- Front panel ACK or PC

Alarm Relay

- High or low alarm
- 0 to 100% deadband, user selectable
- Auto and manual reset via front panel or PC
- Latch or non-latch

Accuracy

• ±0.1% FS ±0.004 mA

Serial Communications

Note: The RD200 does not support 8N1. It will be fixed to 8N2 when parity setting "None" is selected.

Connections

- PDC standard
- RS-232 or RS-422/485 running Modbus® RTU and ASCII via RJ-11 connector

Setup

- Meter address
 - PDC protocol: 0 to 99
 - Modbus protocol: 1 to 247
- Baud rate
 - 300 to 19200 bps
- Transmit time delay
 - Programmable between 0 and 199 ms or transmitter always on for RS-422 communication
- Data
 - 8 bit (1 start bit, 1 stop bit)
- Parity
 - None, even, or odd (Modbus only; PDC protocol does not use parity)
- Byte-to-Byte timeout
 - 0.01 to 2.54 sec (Modbus only)
- Turn around delay
 - Less than 2 ms (fixed)

Refer to *Appendix D - Serial Communication Protocol (PDC)* on page 61 and *Appendix E - Modbus Register Tables* on page 85 for details.

Software

• SITRANS RD Software

Inputs

Process (field selectable)

- ±20 mA DC (4 to 20 mA, 0 to 20 mA)
- ± 10 V DC (1 to 5 V, 0 to 5 V, 0 to 10 V)

Temperature (field selectable)

Thermocouple temperature:

- Type J, K, E, T, Type T using 0.1 $^\circ$ display resolution

RTD temperature:

100 Ω RTD

Accuracy

- Process
 - $\pm 0.05\%$ of span ± 1 count, square root: 10 to 100% FS
- Thermocouple temperature
 - Type J: ±1 °C in range -50 to +750 °C (±2 °F in range -58 to +1382 °F)
 - Type K: ±1 °C in range -50 to +1260 °C (±2 °F in range -58 to +2300 °F)
 - Type E: ±1 °C in range -50 to +870 °C (±2 °F in range -58 to +1578 °F)
 - Type T: ±1 °C in range -180 to +371 °C (±2 °F in range -292 to +700 °F)
 - Type T, 0.1 °Res: ±1 °C in range -180.0 to +371 °C (±1.8 °F in range -199.9 to +700 °F)
- RTD temperature
 - 100 Ω RTD: ±1 °C in range -200 to +750 °C (±1 °F in range -328 to +1382 °F)

Enclosure

- High impact plastic, UL 94V-0
- Color: gray
- Degree of protection: front panel Type 4X, NEMA 4X, IP65; panel gasket provided
- 62 mm x 119 mm x 106 mm (2.45" x 4.68" x 4.19") (H x W x D)
- Optional thermoplastic, stainless steel, steel, for 1-6 meters (all with UL Listing and CSA Certification)
- Optional polycarbonate for 1 meter [available with optional zinc plated or stainless steel 2" (5.08 cm) mounting kits]

Weight

• 269 g (9.5 oz) (including options)

Approvals

- CE
- UL
- _CUL

Note: Testing was conducted on SITRANS RD200 meters installed through the covers of grounded metal enclosures with cable shields grounded at the point of entry representing installations designed to optimize EMC performance.

RD200 Meter Dimensions - Side View



RD200 Case Dimensions - Top View



Dimensions



WARNING: Risk of electrical shock.

WARNING: Hazardous voltages exist within enclosure. Installation and service should be performed only by trained service personnel.

CAUTION: Read complete instructions prior to installation and operation of the meter.

Notes:

- There is no need to remove the meter from its case to complete the installation, wiring, and setup of the meter.
- Installation must only be performed by qualified personnel, and in accordance with local governing regulations.

Unpacking

Remove the meter from box. Inspect the packaging and contents for damage. Report damages, if any, to the carrier.

If any part is missing or the meter malfunctions, please contact your local Siemens representative for assistance.

Panel Mounting Instructions

- 1. Prepare a standard 1/8 DIN panel cutout 92 mm x 45 mm (3.622 " x 1.772 ").
 - Clearance: allow at least 102 mm (4 ") behind the panel for wiring
 - Panel thickness: 1.0 mm to 6.4 mm (0.04 " to 0.25")
 - Recommended minimum panel thickness to maintain Type 4X rating: 1.5 mm (0.06 ") steel panel, 4.1 mm (0.16 ") plastic panel.

Refer to Troubleshooting on page 50 for more details.

- 2. Remove the two mounting brackets provided with the meter. Back off the two screws so that there is 6.4 mm (¼ ") or less through the bracket. Slide the bracket toward the front of the case and remove.
- 3. Insert meter into the panel cutout.
- 4. Install mounting brackets and tighten the screws against the panel. To achieve a proper seal, tighten the mounting bracket screws evenly until meter is snug to the panel along its short side. DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN, as the rear of the panel may be damaged.

Panel Cutout and Mounting



Connections

Notes:

- Verify that all system components are installed in accordance with instructions.
- All connections are made to removable screw terminal connectors located at the rear of the meter.



WARNING:

- Use copper wire with +60 °C or +60/75 °C (+140 °F or +140/167 °F) insulation for all line voltage connections.
- Observe all safety regulations.
- Electrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all applicable national, state, and local codes to prevent damage to the meter and ensure personnel safety.

Connector Labeling

The connectors label, affixed to the meter, shows the location of all connectors available with requested configuration. It also identifies the location of the RTD/TC selector switch.

Connector Labeling for Two Relays and 24 V Supply



Power Connections

Power connections are made to a two-terminal connector labeled POWER on diagram Connector Labeling for Two Relays and 24 V Supply. The meter will operate regardless of DC polarity connection. The + and - symbols are only a suggested wiring convention.



Signal Connections

Signal connections are made to a five-terminal connector labeled SIGNAL on diagram Connector Labeling for Two Relays and 24 V Supply. The COM (common) terminal is the return for all types of input signals.

Current and Voltage Connections

The following figures show examples for current and voltage connections.

There are no switches or jumpers to set up for current and voltage inputs. Setup and programming is performed through the front panel buttons.

Transmitter powered by ext. supply or self-powered



Transmitter powered by internal supply (optional)



The current input is protected against current overload by a fuse capable of being reset. The display may or may not show a fault condition depending on the nature of the overload.

The fuse limits the current to a safe level when it detects a fault condition, and automatically resets itself when the fault condition is removed.

Voltage input connections



The meter is capable of accepting any voltage from -10 V DC to +10 V DC.

Thermocouple and RTD connections

The following figures show examples for thermocouple and RTD connections.

The RTD/TC selector switch must be set to the proper position for the meter to accept the selected temperature input.

The input type is selected using the Setup (SEtu) menu.

Selected thermocouple input must correspond to thermocouple sensor and wire type used.

Thermocouple input connections



Three-wire RTD input connections

signal connector



The meter accepts two, three, or four-wire RTDs. The three-wire RTD connection has built-in lead wire compensation.

Two-wire RTD input connections



Lead wire compensation for two-wire RTDs can be applied using the Adjust (*Adj*) menu. See *Offset adjustment (Adj)* on page 42.

Four-wire RTD input connections



The four-wire RTD connection is similar to the three-wire. One of the leads of a four-wire RTD is not connected, and may be clipped off.

The three-wire connection provides sufficient lead wire compensation to provide accurate readings even with long leads.

Serial Communication

Serial communication connection is made to an RJ11 connector labeled SERIAL on *Connector Labeling for Two Relays and 24 V Supply* on page 11.

| Device to use | For interfacing |
|--------------------------------|--|
| RS232 serial adapter | RS232 |
| RS422/485 serial adapter | RS422/485 |
| SITRANS RD200 meter copy cable | Meter-to-meter (for cloning purposes - copying programmed settings from one meter to other meters) |

Relays and 24 V Output Connections

Relay connections are made to a six-terminal connector labeled RELAY1, RELAY2 on *Connector Labeling for Two Relays and 24 V Supply* on page 11. The COM (common) terminals of the relays should not be confused with the COM (common) terminal of the SIGNAL connector. The 24 V DC output is available at the connector labeled 24V OUT, next to the relay connector.



4 to 20 mA Output and Input Signal Connections

Connections for the 4 to 20 mA transmitter output are made to the connector terminals labeled **mA OUT, I-, I+**. The 4 to 20 mA output may be powered from an internal power supply (optional) or from an external power supply.

4 to 20 mA Output and Input Signal Powered by Meter



4 to 20 mA Output Powered Externally



Setup

Notes:

- The meter is factory calibrated prior to shipment, for all input types, in milliamps, volts, and degrees respectively.
- The calibration equipment is certified to NIST standards.

There are no jumpers involved in the setup of the meter. The RTD/TC selector switch, located between the SIGNAL and SERIAL connectors, must be set accordingly for the meter to accept RTD or thermocouple inputs. See Connector Labeling diagram on page 11.

Setup and program the device using the front panel buttons.

After power and signal connections have been completed and verified, apply power to the meter.

See *Appendix C - Quick User Interface Reference Guide* on page 59 for more details.

Front panel buttons and status LED indicators



| Button Symbol | Description |
|------------------|-------------------|
| ß | Menu |
| | Right arrow/Reset |
| | Up arrow/Max |
| ł | Enter/Ack |

| LED | Status |
|-----|-----------------------|
| 1 | Alarm 1 |
| 2 | Alarm 2 |
| S | Set point indicator |
| R | Reset point indicator |



Press **Right** arrow **b** to move to the next digit during programming.

Press **Up** arrow **to** scroll through the menus, decimal point, or to increment the value of a digit.

Press Enter/Ack dot to access a menu or to accept a setting.

Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.

Display functions and messages

The following table shows the displayed functions and messages with their action/setting description.

| Display | Parameter | Action/Setting |
|---------|------------------|--|
| SEtu | Setup | Enter Setup menu |
| inPt | Input | Enter Input menu |
| 4-20 | 4-20 mA | Set meter for 4 to 20 mA input |
| 0-10 | 0-10 VDC | Set meter for ±10 VDC input |
| rtd | RTD | Set meter for RTD input |
| A385 | Alpha 385 | Set α = 0.00385 European curve 100 Ω RTD |
| A392 | Alpha 392 | Set α = 0.00392 American curve 100 Ω RTD |
| tC | TC | Set meter for TC input |
| 0 J | 0 J | Туре Ј |
| 1 k | 1 K | Туре К |
| 2 T | 2 T | Туре Т |
| 3 t.0 | 3 T.O | Type T, 0.1° resolution |
| 4 E | 4 E | Туре Е |
| FC | °F or °C | Set temperature scale |
| °F | °F | Set meter to Fahrenheit |
| °C | ٥° | Set meter to Celsius |
| dEc.P | Decimal point | Set decimal point for process inputs |
| rELy | Relay | Enter the Relay menu |
| rLY1 | Relay1 | Relay 1 setup |
| Act1 | Action1 | Set relay 1 action (automatic, latching, etc.) |
| Auto | Automatic | Set relay for automatic reset |
| A-m | Auto-manual | Set relay for automatic + manual reset any |
| | | time |
| LtCH | Latching | Set relay for latching operation |
| L-CL | Latching-cleared | Set relay for latching operation with manual |
| | | reset only after alarm condition has cleared |

| Altr | Alternate | Set relays for pump alternation control |
|-------|------------------|--|
| oFF | Off | Disable relay and front panel status LEDs |
| | | Disable relay's fail-safe operation |
| SEt1 | Set1 | Program set point 1 |
| rSt1 | Reset1 | Program reset point 1 |
| rLY2 | Relay2 | Setup relay 2 |
| Act2 | Action2 | Set relay 2 action (automatic, latching, etc.) |
| SEt2 | Set2 | Program set point 2 |
| rSt2 | Reset2 | Program reset point 2 |
| FLSF | Fail-safe | Enter Fail-safe menu |
| FLS1 | Fail-safe1 | Set relay 1 fail-safe operation |
| On | On | Enable fail-safe operation |
| FLS2 | Fail-safe2 | Set relay 2 fail-safe operation |
| dLAy | Delay | Enter Time delay menu |
| dLy1 | Delay1 | Enter relay 1 time delay setup |
| On1 | On1 | Set relay 1 on time delay |
| OFF1 | Off1 | Set relay 1 off time delay |
| dLy2 | Delay2 | Enter relay 2 time delay setup |
| On2 | On2 | Set relay 2 on time delay |
| OFF2 | Off2 | Set relay 2 off time delay |
| Aout | Analog Output | Enter the Analog Output menu |
| SEbr | Sensor break | Program TC or RTD sensor break value for analog out |
| out1 | Output 1 | Program output 1 value (e.g. 4 mA) |
| out2 | Output 2 | Program output 2 value (e.g. 20 mA) |
| ProG | Program | Enter the Program menu |
| ScAL | Scale | Enter the Scale menu |
| CAL | Calibrate | Enter the Calibrate menu |
| inP1 | Input 1 | Calibrate input 1 signal or program input 1 value |
| diS1 | Display 1 | Program display 1 value |
| inP2 | Input 2 | Calibrate input 2 signal or program input 2 value |
| diS2 | Display 2 | Program display 2 value |
| err | Error | Error, calibration not successful, check signal |
| PASS | Password | Enter the Password menu |
| unLC | Unlocked | Program password to lock meter |
| LoCd | Locked | Enter password to unlock meter |
| 9999 | Flashing display | Overrange condition |
| -1999 | | Underrange condition |
| open | | Open TC or RTD sensor |

Main menu

The main menu includes the most common functions: Setup, Program, and Password.

Press **Menu conter** Program Mode then press **Up** arrow **b** to scroll through the main menu options; Setup (*SEtu*), Program (*ProG*), and Password (*PASS*).

Press **Menu** \bigcirc at any time to exit and return to Run Mode. Changes made to settings prior to pressing **Enter/Ack** \checkmark are not saved.

Changes to the settings are saved only after pressing Enter/Ack

The display moves to the next menu every time a setting is accepted by

pressing Enter/Ack

Setting numeric values

The numeric values are set using the **Right** and **Up** arrow buttons.

When in programming mode and setting a numeric value, press **Right** arrow **b** to

select next digit and **Up** arrow **I** to increment digit value.

The digit being changed is displayed brighter than the rest.

Press Enter/Ack data any time to accept a setting or Menu return to exit without saving changes.

Setting up the meter (SEtu)

The Setup menu is used to select:

- Input signal the meter will accept
- Decimal point position for process inputs
- Units (°F or °C) for temperature inputs
- Relay operation
- 4 to 20 mA analog output setup



- The relay menu is always available even if the relay option is not installed.
- Visual alarm indication is available through front panel LEDs and the SITRANS RD Software.
- The Analog Output menu is available if selected in the Advanced Features menu. 4 to 20 mA output option board is installed and setup at the factory.

Setting the input signal (inPt)

Enter the Input menu to set up the meter to display current (4-20), voltage (0-10), thermocouple (tC), or RTD (rtd) inputs.

The voltage input is capable of accepting any signal from -10 to +10 V DC. Select voltage input to accept 0-5, 1-5, 0-10, or \pm 10 V DC signals.

The current input is capable of accepting any signal from -20 to 20 mA. Select current input to accept 0 to 20 or 4 to 20 mA signals.

Setup meter to display current (4-20) input:

- 1. Press **Menu** \bigcirc to enter Programming Mode. *SEtu* is displayed.
- 3. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access Input menu.
- 4. Press **Up** arrow **t** to scroll through choices; *4-20, 0-10, tC, rtd.*
- 5. When 4-20 is displayed, press Enter/Ack 🖊 to accept this choice.
- 6. Press Menu 💎 to return to Run Mode.

Setup meter to display voltage (0-10) input:

- 1. Press **Menu C** to enter Program Mode.
- 2. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access Setup menu.
- 3. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access Input menu.
- 4. Press **Up** arrow **a** to scroll through choices; *4-20, 0-10, tC, rtd.*
- 5. When *0-10* is displayed, press **Enter/Ack** \leftarrow to accept this choice.
- 6. Press Menu 💎 to return to Run Mode.

Setup meter to display thermocouple (tC) input:

- 1. Press **Menu** \bigcirc to enter Program Mode. *SEtu* is displayed.
- 3. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access Input menu.
- 4. Press **Up** arrow **(**) to scroll through choices; 4-20, 0-10, tC, rtd.
- 5. When *tC* is displayed, press Enter/Ack
- 6. Press **Up** arrow **(** until *1 H* is displayed.
- 7. Press Enter/Ack displayed.
- 8. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to set Fahrenheit or Celsius input.
- 9. Press **Up** arrow **a** to scroll through choices.
- 10. Press Enter/Ack discrete to accept a choice.
- 11. Press **Menu** \bigcirc to return to Run Mode.

Notes:

- If *tC* is selected, the input signal must be connected to the appropriate input terminals and the RTD/TC selector switch must be set accordingly, see *Thermocouple input connections* on page 13.
- For thermocouple inputs, allow at least 30 minutes warm-up time for meter to reach specified accuracy.

Setup meter to display RTD (rtd) input:

- 1. Press **Menu** 💎 to enter Program Mode. *SEtu* is displayed.
- 2. Press Enter/Ack displayed.
- 3. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access Input menu.
- 4. Press **Up** arrow **t** to scroll through choices; *4-20, 0-10, tC, rtd*.
- 5. When *rtd* is displayed, press Enter/Ack -
- 6. The display shows A385 or A392. Select the coefficient to match the RTD sensor, either 0.00385 (European curve) or 0.00392 (American curve).
 - Press Enter/Ack 🛛 to accept your selection. *FC* is displayed.
- 7. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to set Fahrenheit or Celsius input.
- 8. Press **Up** arrow **b** to scroll through choices.
- 9. Press Enter/Ack discrete to accept a choice.
- 10. Press **Menu** \bigcirc to return to Run Mode.

Notes:

- If *rtd* is selected, the input signal must be connected to the appropriate input terminals and the RTD/TC selector switch must be set accordingly, see *Thermocouple input connections* on page 13.
- For thermocouple inputs, allow at least 30 minutes warm-up time for meter to reach specified accuracy.

Setting the decimal point (dEc.P)

Decimal point for temperature inputs is fixed.

Decimal point for process inputs may be set with up to three decimal places or with no decimal point at all.

Pressing **Up** arrow **a** moves the decimal point one place to the right until no decimal point is displayed, then it moves to the leftmost position.

To change the decimal point:

- 1. Press **Menu** \bigcirc to enter Program Mode. *SEtu* is displayed.
- 2. Press Enter/Ack Io access the Setup menu. *inPt is* displayed.
- 3. Press **Up** arrow **t** to select decimal point modification. *dEc.P* is displayed.
- 4. Press Enter/Ack display decimal point setting.
- 5. Press **Up** arrow **t** to move the decimal point from left to right.
- 6. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to accept the displayed setting.
- 7. Press **Menu C** to return to Run Mode.

Setting the temperature scale (F C)

Set meter to display temperature in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius:

- 1. Press **Menu** \bigcirc to enter Program Mode. *SEtu* is displayed.
- 2. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access Setup menu.
- 3. Press **Up** arrow **a** until temperature selection menu is displayed (*FC*).

Note: The temperature selection menu will only be available if the meter has been setup for TC or RTD input. See *Setting the input signal (inPt)* on page 21.

- 4. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access the temperature selection menu.
- 5. Press **Up** arrow **a** to scroll through choices; For C.

- 6. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to set Fahrenheit or Celsius input.
- 7. Press Menu 💎 to return to Run Mode.

Setting relay operation (rELY)

This menu allows you to set up the operation of the relays:

- Relay action
 - Automatic reset only (non-latching)
 - Automatic + manual reset at any time (non-latching)
 - Latching (manual reset only)
 - Latching with Clear (manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared)
 - Pump alternation control (automatic reset only)
 - Off (relay and status LED disabled)
- Set point
- Reset point
- Fail-safe operation
 - On (enabled)
 - Off (disabled)
- Time delay
 - On delay (0-199 seconds)
 - Off delay (0-199 seconds)

Set Up Relays (rLY1, rLY2), Set points (SEt1, SEt2), and Reset points (rSt1, rSt2):

- 1. Press **Menu** \bigcirc to enter Program Mode.
- 2. SEtu is displayed. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access the Setup menu.
- 3. Press **Up** arrow **A** until *rELy* is displayed.
- 4. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to enter Relay menu.
- 5. *rLy1* is displayed. Press Enter/Ack to set up relay 1.
- 6. *Act1* is displayed. The relay Action menu allows the user to set up the action of the relays.

Press Enter/Ack do set up action for relay 1.

7. Press **Up** arrow **(b** to scroll through choices;

Auto (Automatic reset only, non-latching),

A -m (Automatic + manual reset at any time, non-latching),

LtCH (Latching, manual reset only),

L -CL (Latching with Clear, manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared),

ALtr (Pump alternation control, automatic reset only),

oFF(Off, relay and status LED disabled).

When your choice is displayed, press Enter/Ack does not in the set relay 1 action (Act1).

 SEt1 is displayed. The set point can be set to High Alarm Indication by programming the set point above the reset point. The set point can be set to Low Alarm Indication by programming the set point below the reset point.

Press Enter/Ack down to enter set point 1 programming.

- 9. Press **Right** arrow **b** to change active digit and the **Up** arrow **a** to increment active digit.
- 10. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to save displayed value.

Note: The deadband is determined by the difference between set and reset points. Minimum deadband is one display count. If set and reset points are programmed the same, relay will reset one count below set point.

12. *rLY2* is displayed. Press Enter/Ack to set up relay 2 or press Menu to exit and return to Run Mode.

Setting fail-safe operation (FLSF: FLS1, FLS2)

The fail-safe operation is set independently for each relay. Select *on* to enable or select *off* to disable fail-safe operation.

Set up relays for fail-safe operation:

- 1. Press **Menu** 💎 to enter Program Mode.
- 2. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access the Setup menu.
- 3. Press **Up** arrow **a** until *rELy* is displayed.
- 4. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to enter Relay menu.
- 5. Press **Up** arrow **a** until *FLSF* is displayed.
- 6. Press Enter/Ack displayed.
- 7. Press Enter/Ack distance to set up fail-safe feature for relay 1.
- 8. Press the **Up** arrow **a** to switch on or off.
- 9. Press Enter/Ack displayed.
- 10. Press Enter/Ack distance to set up fail-safe feature for relay 2 as in steps 7-9, or press

Menu 💎 to exit and return to Run Mode.

Once the Fail-Safe operation has been enabled, under normal conditions, the relays are on, and under alarm conditions, the relays are off. (Notice that the functionality of the relays is reversed when the Fail-Safe operation is disabled.)

Programming time delay (dLA: dLy1, dLy2)

The *On* and *OFF* time delays may be programmed for each relay between 0 and 199 seconds. The relays will transfer only after the condition has been maintained for the corresponding time delay.

The On time delay is associated with the set point.

The *OFF* time delay is associated with the reset point.

Set up relay on and off time delays:

- 1. Press **Menu** 💎 to enter Program Mode.
- 2. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to access the Setup menu.
- 3. Press **Up** arrow **a** until *rELy* is displayed.
- 4. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to enter Relay menu.
- 5. Press **Up** arrow **A** until *dLAy* is displayed.
- 6. Press Enter/Ack displayed.
- 8. Press Enter/Ack d to proceed.
- 9. Press **Up** arrow **t** to change digit and **Right** arrow **b** to change active digit.
- 10. Press Enter/Ack discrept setting.
- 11. Repeat steps 6-7 for *OFF1. dLy2* is displayed.
- 12. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to set up time delay for relay 2 as in steps 8-10, or press

Menu 💎 to exit and return to Run Mode.

The *On* time delay will count down when the set point is reached and the relay will turn on after the time delay has elapsed. The *OFF* time delay will count down when the reset point is reached and the relay will turn off after the time delay has elapsed.

Relay and Alarm Operation

The following graphs illustrate the operation of the relays, status LEDs, and Enter/Ack



High alarm operation (Set > Reset)



For Manual reset mode, **Enter/Ack** can be pressed at any time to turn off relay. For relay to turn back on, signal must go below setpoint, and then go above it.

Low alarm operation (Set < Reset)



For Manual reset mode, **Enter/Ack** can be pressed at any time to turn off relay. For relay to turn back on, signal must go above setpoint, and then go below it.

Time delay operation

The following graphs show the operation of the time delay function.



*The LED is not affected by Time Delay when **Automatic or Manual** reset mode is selected. Rather, the LED follows the set and reset points.

If the signal crosses the set point, the *On* time delay timer starts and the relay trips when the time delay has elapsed. If the signal drops below the set point (high alarm) before the time delay has elapsed, the *On* time delay timer resets and the relay does not change state. The same principle applies to the *OFF* time delay.

High alarm with fail-safe operation (Set > Reset)



The relay coil is energized in non-alarm condition. In case of a power failure, the relay will go to alarm state.

Low alarm with fail-safe operation (Set < Reset)



The relay coil is energized in non-alarm condition. In case of a power failure, the relay will go to alarm state.

Alternating pumps - mode: automatic (non-latching)


Scaling the 4 to 20 mA analog output (Aout)

The 4 to 20 mA analog output can be scaled to provide a 4 to 20 mA signal for any display range selected.

No equipment is needed to scale the analog output; simply program the display values to the corresponding mA output signal.

The Analog Output menu is used to program 4 to 20 mA output based on display values.

Scale output based on display values

Press **Menu Context** to enter Program Mode. *SEtu* is displayed. 1. 2. Press **Ent/Ack e** to accept. *inPt* is displayed. 3. Press Up arrow until the *Aout* menu is displayed. Press **Ent/Ack** + to accept. scalis displayed. 4. Press Enter/Ack display 1. 5. 6. Press Up arrow to change digit and Right arrow to change active digit. 7. Press Enter/Ack to accept setting. *out1* is displayed. 8. Press Enter/Ack distance to set value for output 1. 9. Press Up arrow to change digit and Right arrow to change active diait. 10. Press Enter/Ack to accept setting. *diS2* is displayed. 11. Press Enter/Ack Io set values for *diS2* and *out2*, or press Menu to exit and return to Run Mode.

Note: For instructions on how to program numeric values see "Setting numeric values" on page 20.

The Analog Output menu is also used to program the Sensor break value in mA.

Program sensor break output value (SEbr)

The sensor break value corresponds to the output signal generated when the meter detects a sensor break for thermocouple and RTD inputs.

For example, if there is an open thermocouple, the meter displays the message *open* and the analog output goes to the programmed sensor break value (e.g. 3.00 mA).

The sensor break value can be programmed from 0.00 to 23.99.

The typical output signal range is 1.00 to 23.00 mA. For example, if the sensor break value is programmed to 0.00, the actual output will not be greater than 1.00 mA.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 2. Press Up arrow **a** until the *SELc* menu is displayed. Press Ent/Ack **d** to accept.
- 3. Press Up arrow until the *out* menu is displayed. Press Ent/Ack to accept.
- 4. Press Up arrow until the *Aout* menu is displayed. Press Ent/Ack to accept.
- 5. Press Ent/Ack 🖊 to access the scale menu.
- 6. Press **Up a**rrow until *sEbr* is displayed. Press **Ent/Ack t** to access the Sensor Break menu.
- 7. Press Up arrow to change digit and **Right** arrow to change active digit.
- 8. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to accept setting.
- 9. Press Menu 💎 to exit and return to Run Mode.

Analog output when display is out of range

The analog output reflects the display out of range conditions as follows:

| Input Condition | Display | Analog Output |
|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Underrange | Flashing -1999 | 3.00 mA |
| Overrange | Flashing 9999 | 21.00 mA |
| Open TC or RTD | Flashing open | Sensor break value |

Programming the meter (ProG)

Notes:

 The meter is *factory calibrated* prior to shipment, for all input types, in milliamps, volts, and degrees respectively. The calibration equipment is certified to NIST standards.

The Program menu contains Calibrate and the Scale menus.

Process inputs may be calibrated or scaled to any display within the range of the meter.

Use the Scale menu to scale process inputs (such as 4 to 20 mA). A calibrated signal source is not needed to scale the meter.

For thermocouple and RTDs, simply connect the sensor to the proper terminals and apply power to the device. **No calibration needed!** (when the meter is first received from the factory).

Additional parameters, not needed for most applications, are programmed with the Advanced features menu. See *Advanced Features Menu* on page 41.

Scaling the 4 to 20 mA analog input (ScAL)

The process inputs (4 to 20 mA and \pm 10 V DC) can be scaled to display the process in engineering units.

A signal source is not required to scale the meter; simply program the inputs and corresponding display values.

Note: The Scale menu is not available for temperature inputs.

Scale the meter without a signal source:

- 1. Press **Menu C** to enter Program Mode.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **a** until *ProG* appears in the display.
- 3. Press Enter/Ack displayed.
- 4. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 ;; inP1 is displayed.
- 5. Press Enter/Ack discussion of the access scale adjustment for input 1.
- 6. Press **Up** arrow **t** to change the digit and the **Right** arrow **b** to advance to the next digit.
- 7. Press Enter/Ack displayed setting; *diS1* is displayed.
- 8. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to change the display for display 1.
- 9. Change display using the technique described in steps 7-8.
- 10. Repeat steps 6 to 10 for the second input value.
- 11. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to confirm settings and return to Run Mode.

Note: For instructions on how to program numeric values. See "Setting numeric values" on page 20.

Error message (Err)

An error message indicates that the calibration or scaling process was not successful.

After the error message is displayed, the meter reverts to input 1, allowing the appropriate input signals to be applied.

The error message might be caused by any of the following conditions:

- Input signal is not connected to the proper terminals or it is connected backwards
- Wrong signal selection in Setup menu
- Minimum input span requirements not maintained
- Input 1 signal inadvertently applied to calibrate input 2.

Minimum input span

The minimum input span is the minimum difference between input 1 and input 2 signals required to complete the calibration or scaling of the meter.

| Input range | Input 1 and input 2 span |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| 4 to 20 mA | 0.40 mA |
| ±10 VDC | 0.20 VDC |
| TC | 100°F (56°C) |
| RTD | 50°F (28°C) |

Calibrating the SITRANS RD200 (CAL)

Recalibration is recommended at least every twelve months.

The meter can be calibrated to display the process in engineering units by applying the appropriate input signal and following the calibration procedure.

The use of a calibrated signal source is strongly recommended to calibrate the meter.

To scale the meter without a signal source refer to *Scaling the 4 to 20 mA analog input (ScAL*/on page 35.

Calibrate the meter with a signal source:

- 1. Press **Menu C** to enter Program Mode.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **b** to scroll through choices.
- 3. When *ProG* is displayed, press **Enter/Ack**
- 4. Press **Up** arrow **a** until *CAL* is displayed. Press **Enter/Ack d** to enter Calibrate Menu. *InP1* will be displayed.

- 5. Select input 1 value from signal source, then press **Enter/Ack** Display will flash accepting input. *diS1* will be displayed.
- 6. Press Enter/Ack
- 7. Press **Up** arrow **t** to change active digit and press **Right** arrow **b** to advance to the next digit.
- 8. Press Enter/Ack display settings. *InP2* will be displayed.
- 9. Select input 2 value from signal source, then press **Enter/Ack** Display will flash accepting input.
- 10. Repeat steps 6 to 8 for second input and display values.
- 11. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to confirm settings and return to Run Mode.

Recalibrating temperature inputs (CAL)

The Calibration (CAL) menu is used to recalibrate the thermocouple and RTD inputs.

Note: Allow at least 30 minutes warm-up time before performing recalibration procedure to ensure specified accuracy.

Recommended Calibration Points

To recalibrate the meter, it is recommended to use the Fahrenheit scale; this will give a greater degree of accuracy to the calibration. The scale can be changed to the Celsius scale after calibration is completed. The meter will display temperature accurately in any scale. The following table shows the recommended low and high calibration points for all types.

| Type of input | Input 1 (Low) | Input 2 (High) | Check (Middle) |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Type J T/C | 32°F | 1182°F | 600°F |
| Туре К Т/С | 32°F | 1893°F | 960°F |
| Туре Т Т/С | 32°F | 693°F | 360°F |
| Туре Т Т/С | 32.0°F | 693.0°F | 360.0°F |
| Type E T/C | 32°F | 1652°F | 840°F |
| 100 Ω RTD | 32°F | 1148°F | 590°F |
| (0.00385) | 100Ω | 320.12Ω | 215.61Ω |
| 100 Ω RTD | 32°F | 1127°F | 580°F |
| (0.00392) | 10022 | 320.8902 | 215.8/\ |

- 1. Connect signal to the meter using the appropriate wire (for example, type J thermocouple wire to recalibrate type J input). See "Thermocouple and RTD connections" on page 13.
- 2. Set up the meter to accept the selected input (such as type J T/C). See "Setting the input signal (inPt)" on page 21.

- 3. Set up the meter to display temperature in degrees Fahrenheit. See "Setting the temperature scale (F C)" on page 23.
- Apply signal corresponding to input 1 (32°F) and program display 1 to 32. See "Recommended Calibration Points" on page 37.
- 5. Apply signal corresponding to input 2 (1182°F for type J) and program display 2 accordingly. See "Recommended Calibration Points" on page 37.

After the meter accepts input 2, the display flashes the message *CJr* that indicates the meter is sensing the cold junction reference. This completes the recalibration procedure for the selected input.

Recalibrating process inputs (ICAL)

The Internal Calibration (ICAL) menu, located in the Advanced features menu, is used to recalibrate the current and voltage inputs. Recalibration is recommended at least every twelve months.

Refer to Internal calibration (ICAL) on page 48 for instructions.

Security

Locking the meter by setting a password (PASS)

The Password menu is used to program a four-digit password to prevent unauthorized changes to the programmed parameter settings.

Setting up a password

- 1. From Run mode, press **Menu** \bigcirc to enter Program Mode.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **a** until *PASS* is displayed.
- 3. Press Enter/Ack displayed.
- 4. Press Enter/Ack do set password.
- 5. Set a four-digit password by pressing **Up** arrow **t** to change digits and **Right**

arrow **b** to change active digit. (For instructions on how to program numeric values see *Setting numeric values* on page 20.)

Press Enter/Ack to accept password settings.
 Program settings are now protected against unauthorized changes.

Record the password for future reference. If appropriate, it may be recorded in the space provided.

| Model: | |
|----------------|--|
| Serial Number: | |
| Password: | |

Unlocking the meter (unLC)

If the meter is password protected, the correct password must be entered in order to change parameters.

Entering the correct four-digit number sets the password to 0000, disabling protection.

Changes to the programmed parameter settings are allowed only with the password set to 0000.

To remove the password and unlock the meter:

- 1. From Run mode, press **Menu** \bigcirc to enter Program Mode.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **A** until *PASS* is displayed.
- 3. Press Enter/Ack and enter previously set password. *unLC* is displayed and meter returns to Run mode.

Changes to programmed settings are now allowed.

If the password entered is incorrect, the meter displays *LoCd* (Locked) for about two seconds, then it returns to Run Mode.

To try again, press **Enter/Ack** \checkmark while the Locked message (*LoCd*) is displayed.

Forgot the Password?

The password may be disabled by the following procedure:

- 1. Note the display reading prior to pressing the Menu button.
- 2. Ignore decimal point and sign.
- Access the Password menu, add 2 to the noted reading and enter that number as the password (for example, display reading = -1.23, password = 0125).

Advanced Features Menu

To simplify the setup process, functions not needed for most applications are located in the Advanced features menu.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **to** scroll through the following menus and to increment digit values.
- 3. Press Ent/Ack 🖊 to access a menu or to accept a setting.
- 4. Press **Right** arrow **b** to select the next digit.
- 5. Press Menu 💎 to exit at any time.

Advanced features menu and display messages

| Display | Parameter | Action/Setting |
|---------|----------------|---|
| Adj | Adjust | Set offset adjustment for temperature |
| | | Not available for process inputs |
| FLtr | Filter | Set noise filter value |
| byPS | Bypass | Set filter bypass value |
| SErL | Serial | Set serial communication parameters |
| Prot | Protocol | Enter the Protocol menu |
| PdC | PDC | Select PDC protocol |
| mbs | Modbus® | Select Modbus protocol |
| Addr | Address | Set meter address |
| bAud | Baud rate | Select baud rate |
| trdE | Transmit delay | Set transmit delay for serial communication |
| prty | Parity | Select none, even, or odd (Modbus only) |
| tbyt | Byte-to-byte | Program byte-to-byte timeout |
| | | (silent time – Modbus only) |
| СоРу | Сору | Enter copy function |
| SEnd | Send | Send meter settings to another meter |
| donE | Done | Copy function completed |
| SELc | Select | Enter the Select menu (function, cutoff, out) |
| Func | Function | Select linear or square root function |
| Linr | Linear | Set meter for linear function |
| Sqrt | Square root | Set meter for square root extraction |
| cutF | Cutoff | Set low-flow cutoff |
| out | Output | Set meter for either relay or analog output |
| | | (factory set only – corresponding option installed) |
| inty | Intensity | Select display intensity |
| Aout | Analog output | Set meter for analog output option |
| rELy | Relay | Set meter for relay option |

| ICAL | Initial calibration | Enter initial calibration Available for process inputs only |
|------|---------------------|---|
| Curr | Current | Calibrating current input |
| I Lo | llow | Calibrate low current input |
| I Hi | l high | Calibrate high current input |
| volt | Volt | Calibrating voltage input |
| VLo | V low | Calibrate low voltage input |
| VHi | V high | Calibrate high voltage input |
| diAG | Diagnostics | Display parameter settings |
| LEd | LED | Test display |
| CJC | CJC | Display cold junction compensation voltage |
| CFG | CFG | Display meter configuration |
| PtS | Points | Display calibration points for process inputs |
| rELy | Relays | Display relay settings |
| Aout | Analog output | Display analog output settings |
| GoFF | Gain/offset | Display gain and offset for process inputs |
| SErL | Serial | Display serial communication settings |
| InFo | Information | Display software version and S/N information |

Note: For instructions on how to program numeric values see *Setting numeric* values on page 20.

Offset adjustment (Adj)

This parameter allows the user to select an offset adjustment to the temperature being displayed. Offset adjustment values can be either positive or negative and can be any number within ±19.9°. The offset adjustment value is programmed through the Adjust menu.

- and Menu 💎 for three seconds to access 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- Press Up arrow **t** to scroll through the Advanced Features Menu options. 2.

When the Adjustment menu (Ad) is displayed, press Ent/Ack to access the menu.

- to change the active digit and press **Right** arrow 3. Press Up arrow to advance to the next digit.
- Press Ent/Ack to accept display setting. 4.
- Press **Menu C** to exit at any time. 5.

The offset adjustment feature can be useful to compensate for errors due to thermocouple junctions or excessive lead wire resistance in RTDs.

The offset adjustment value is automatically reset to zero whenever the type of temperature sensor is changed (i.e. Thermocouple type or RTD curve).

Celsius/Fahrenheit conversion of the offset adjustment value is automatic. See notes below for important limitations.

Notes:

- Offset adjustment is available only when TC or RTD input is selected.
- If adjustment value is greater than 11 °C and the temperature scale is changed to Fahrenheit, the maximum applied adjustment will be 19.9 °F.

Noise filter (FLtr)

Most applications do not require changing this parameter. It is intended to help attain a steady display with an unsteady (noisy) input signal.

The field selectable noise filter averages any minor or quick changes in the input signal and displays the reading with greater stability.

Increasing the filter value will help stabilize the display, but this will reduce the display response to changes on the input signal.

The filter level may be set anywhere from 2 to 199.

Setting filter value to zero disables filter function, and bypass setting becomes irrelevant.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **b** to scroll through the Advanced Features Menu options.

When the Filter menu (*FLtt*) is displayed, press **Ent/Ack** to access the menu.

- 3. Press **Up** arrow **t** to change the active digit and press **Right** arrow **b** to advance to the next digit.
- 4. Press Ent/Ack 🖊 to accept display setting.
- 5. Press Menu 💎 to exit at any time.

Noise filter bypass (bYPS)

The meter can be programmed to filter small input changes, but allow larger input changes to be displayed immediately, by setting the bypass value accordingly.

If the input signal goes beyond the bypass value, it will be displayed immediately with no averaging done on it.

The noise filter bypass value may be set anywhere from 0.2 to 99.9. It corresponds to percentage of full scale for process inputs and to degrees Fahrenheit for temperature inputs.

Increasing the bypass value may slow down the display response to changes on the input signal.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **to** scroll through the Advanced Features Menu options.

When the Bypass menu (*bYPS*) is displayed, press **Ent/Ack** to access the menu.

- 3. Press **Up** arrow **t** to change the active digit and press **Right** arrow **b** to advance to the next digit.
- 4. Press Ent/Ack display setting.
- 5. Press Menu 💎 to exit at any time.

Serial communications (SErL)

The meter is equipped with serial communications capability as a standard feature using PDC Serial Communication Protocol. The Modbus[®] RTU protocol is optional and may be purchased at any time.

To communicate with a computer or other data terminal equipment, an RS-232 or RS-422/485 adapter option is required.

When using more than one meter in a multi-drop mode, each meter must be provided with its own unique address. The address may be programmed from 00 to 99 for PDC protocol and from 1 to 247 for Modbus protocol.

The Protocol selection menu (*Prot*) is used to select either the PDC or the Modbus protocol. If Modbus option is purchased separately, it is necessary to enter a four-digit code to enable the Modbus protocol.

The transmit delay may be set between 0 and 199 ms. Use the Serial menu (*SErL*) to set the protocol, address, baud rate, and transmit delay.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **t** to scroll through the Advanced Features Menu options.

When the Serial menu (*SErL*) is displayed, press **Ent/Ack** to access the menu.

- 3. Use **Up** arrow **a** to scroll between serial selection menus; protocol (*Prot*), address (*Addr*), baud rate (*bAud*) and transmit delay (*trde*).
- 4. Press Ent/Ack 🖊 to access the desired menu.
- 5. Press Up arrow to scroll through options or to change active digit and press
 Right arrow to advance to the next digit.
- 6. Press Enter/Ack 🖊 to accept display settings.
- 7. Press Menu 💎 to exit at any time.

SITRANS RD200 can also be connected directly to another RD200 meter through a cable assembly (SITRANS RD200 Meter Copy Cable). This allows the user to copy all the settings from one meter to another, using the Copy function. (See *Meter copy function (CoPY) on page 47.*)

See SITRANS RD Serial Adapters Instruction Manual for more details.

Select menu (SELc)

I

The Select menu (*SELc*) is used to select linear (*Linr*) or square root (*Sqrt*) function, display intensity (*inty*), and low-flow cutoff (*cut F*). Selection for relay or analog output (*out*) is a factory setting depending on the option installed.

WARNING: Output options are installed and set up at the factory. Changing the output selection (*out*) will cause erroneous operation of the meter. Do not change output selection!

Linear or square root function (Linr or Sqrt)

Meters are set up at the factory for linear function. The linear function provides a display that is linear with respect to the input signal.

The square root function is used to linearize the signal from a differential pressure transmitter and display flow rate in engineering units.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- Press Up arrow to scroll through the Advanced Features Menu options.
 When the Select menu (*SELc*) is displayed, press Ent/Ack to access the menu.
- 3. Press Ent/Ack do access the Funtion menu (*Func*).
- 4. Use **Up** arrow **t** to scroll between function selections; Linear (*Linr*) and Square Root (*Sqrt*).
- 5. Press Ent/Ack 🛛 to accept the desired display setting.
- 6. Press Menu 💎 to exit at any time.

Low-flow cutoff (cut F)

The low-flow cutoff feature allows the meter to be programmed so that the oftenunsteady output from a differential pressure transmitter, at low flow rates, always displays zero on the meter. The cutoff value may be programmed from 0 to 9999. Below the cutoff value, the meter will display zero. Programming the cutoff value to zero disables the cutoff.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **t** to scroll through the Advanced Features Menu options.

When the Select menu (*SELc*) is displayed, press **Ent/Ack** to access the menu.

- 3. Press the **Up** arrow **a** until the *Cut F* menu is displayed. Press **Ent/Ack -** to access the Cutoff menu.
- 4. Press **Up** arrow **t** to change the active digit and press **Right** arrow **b** to advance to the next digit.
- 5. Press Ent/Ack display setting.
- 6. Press Menu 💎 to exit at any time.

Display intensity (intY)

The Display Intensity function allows the selection of eight levels of intensity for various lighting conditions.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **t** to scroll through the Advanced Features Menu options.

When the Select menu (*SELc*) is displayed, press **Ent/Ack** to access the menu.

- 3. Press **Up** arrow **(until** Intensity menu (*inty*) is displayed.
- 4. Press **Ent/Ack** \leftarrow to access the intensity setting.
- 5. Press **Up** arrow **t** to scroll through the eight intensity levels. When the desired intensity level is displayed, press **Ent/Ack t** to accept the setting.
- 6. Press Menu 💎 to exit at any time.

SITRANS RD Software

SITRANS RD software allows the SITRANS RD200 to be programmed from a PC and to act as a data logger.

The software allows all setup parameters to be saved to a file for reporting, restoring, or programming other meters.

Note: PDC protocol must be selected to communicate with SITRANS RD Software. See SITRANS RD Software Instruction Manual for more details.

Meter copy function (CoPY)

The Copy function (*CoPy*) is used to copy (or clone) all the settings from one meter to other meters requiring exactly the same setup and programming (such as, type of input, scaling, decimal point, filter, bypass, etc.).

Meter Copy Connection



Copy function requirements

To successfully copy settings from one meter to another, both meters must have:

- Same software version
- Same baud rate setting
- PDC protocol selected

See Determining software version on page 51 for instructions.

Meter cloning instructions

CAUTION: Do not connect the two meters to the same 4 to 20 mA loop while cloning. Internal calibration may be affected.

- 1. Connect the two meters using SITRANS RD200 meter copy cable or equivalent. Cable should not exceed 2.1 m (7 ft).
- 2. Power up both meters. Leave Clone meter in Run Mode.
- 3. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 4. Press **Up** arrow **a** to scroll through the Advanced Features Menu options.

When the Copy menu (*CoPy*) is displayed, press **Ent/Ack** to access the menu.

- 5. The master meter displays the message *SEnd*. Press **Enter/Ack** . The display (*SEnd*) flashes indicating that the settings from the master meter are being copied to the clone meter. The message *donE* is briefly displayed when copying is completed.
- 6. *SEnd* is once again displayed on the master meter, indicating meter is ready to send settings to another meter.

During the copy, the Clone meter displays the memory address being programmed then the message *donE* when copying is completed. The clone meter initializes and returns to Run Mode using the same settings as the master.

If the clone meter does not respond to the data being sent, refer to *Copy function requirements on page 47*.

Internal calibration (ICAL)

Notes:

- The meter is factory calibrated prior to shipment, for all input types, in milliamps, volts and degrees respectively.
- The calibration equipment is certified to NIST standards.

The internal calibration allows the user to scale the meter without applying a signal. This menu is not available if the meter is set up for TC or RTD inputs.

The use of calibrated signal sources is necessary to perform the internal calibration of the meter.

Check calibration of the meter at least every 12 months. Each input type must be recalibrated separately, if meter will be used with all input types.

Notes:

- If meter is in operation and it is intended to accept only one input type (such as 4 to 20 mA), recalibration of other inputs is not necessary.
- Allow the meter to warm up for at least 15 minutes before performing the internal calibration procedure.

The Internal calibration menu is part of the Advanced features menu.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- Press Up arrow to scroll to the Internal calibration menu (*ICAL*) and press
 Enter/Ack

Example for current (*Curr*) input internal calibration:

1. The meter displays the low input calibration (*ILo*). Apply the low input signal and

press **Enter/Ack** . The display flashes for a moment while meter is accepting the low input.

2. After the display stops flashing, a number is displayed with the leftmost digit brighter than the rest. The bright digit is the active digit that can be changed by pressing **Up**

. Press **Right** arrow **b** to move to the next digit. arrow

Note: For instructions on how to program numeric values see *Setting numeric values* on page 20.

3. Set the display value to correspond to the input signal being calibrated. Press

Ent/Ack display setting.

The display moves to the high input calibration (*I Hi*). Apply the high input signal in the same way that the low input signal was set in steps 1-3.

4. Press Menu 💎 to exit at any time.

The example above shows the calibration of the current input. The voltage input is calibrated in a similar way.

Tips:

- Low and high input signals can be any valid values within the range of the meter.
- Observe minimum input span requirements between input 1 and input 2.
- Low input must be less than high input signal.

Error Message (*Err*)

An error message indicates that the calibration or scaling process was not successful.

After the error message is displayed, the meter reverts to input 1, allowing the appropriate input signals to be applied.

The error message might be caused by any of the following conditions:

- Input signal is not connected to the proper terminals, or it is connected backwards.
- Wrong signal selection in Setup (*SEtu*) menu.
- Minimum input span requirements not maintained.

Minimum Input Span

The minimum input span is the minimum difference between input 1 and input 2 signals required to complete the calibration or scaling of the meter.

| Input range | Input 1 and input 2 span |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| 4-20 mA | 0.40 mA |
| ±10 VDC | 0.20 VDC |

Troubleshooting

The rugged design and the user-friendly interface of the meter should make it unusual for the installer or operator to refer to this section of the manual.

If the meter is not working as expected, refer to the Diagnostics menu and recommendations below. See also *Appendix B* - *Troubleshooting Tips on page 57*.

Diagnostics menu (diAG)

The Diagnostics menu provides an easy way to view the programmed parameter settings for troubleshooting purposes.

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **b** to scroll to the Diagnostics menu (*diAG*) and press

Enter/Ack do access this menu.

- 3. Press **Up** arrow **a** to scroll through the various menus.
- 4. Press Enter/Ack button 🛛 🖛 to access a displayed menu and Menu button



For a description of the diagnostics messages *see Advanced features menu and display messages on page 41.*

Determining software version

To determine the software version of a meter

- 1. Go to the Diagnostics menu (*diAG*) and press Enter/Ack button
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **and scroll to the Information menu** (*Info*).
- 3. Press **Enter/Ack t**o access the software number (*SFT*), version (*VER*), and serial number (*Sn*) information. Write down the information as it is displayed.

Continue pressing **Enter/Ack** \checkmark until all the information is displayed.

4. Press Menu 💎 to exit at any time.

For process inputs, the meter is capable of accepting positive and negative signals and displaying these signals in engineering units from -1999 to 9999 (for example, a signal from -10 to +10 VDC could be displayed as -10.00 to 10.00).

The temperature inputs are displayed according to the input type and temperature units (°F or °C) selected. Type T thermocouples can be displayed with either 1° or 0.1° resolution.

Front panel buttons operation

| Button Symbol | Description |
|------------------|--|
| ß | Press to enter or exit Programming Mode, view settings, or exit Max/Min readings. |
| | Press to reset Max/Min readings. |
| | Press to display Max/Min readings alternately. |
| ł | Press to display Max/Min reading indefinitely while displaying Max/Min. Press ACK to acknowledge relays. |

Maximum/Minimum readings

The main function of the front panel buttons during operation is to display the maximum and minimum readings reached by the process or temperature inputs.

Display maximum and minimum values

- 1. From Run mode, press **Up** arrow **t** to display maximum reading since the last reset/power-up. Display will alternate between *Hi* and maximum value for 10 seconds.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **a** again to display the minimum reading since the last reset/ power-up. Display will alternate between *Lo* and minimum value for 10 seconds.

If **Enter/Ack** is not pressed, the Max/Min display reading will timeout after ten seconds and the meter will return to display the actual reading.

- 4. Press **Right** arrow **b** to reset Max/Min while reading is being displayed. Max/ Min display readings are reset to actual reading.
- 5. Press Menu 💎 to exit Max/Min display.

Appendix A - Factory Defaults

To load factory defaults:

- 1. Press and hold **Right** arrow **b** and **Menu c** for three seconds to access Advanced Features menu of the meter.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow **t** to scroll to the Diagnostics menu (*diAG*).
- 3. Press and hold **Right** arrow until *rSET* flashes (about 5 seconds). While *rSET*

is flashing, press Enter/Ack 🛛 to reset the meter to factory defaults.

Note: If **Enter/Ack** is not pressed within three seconds, the display returns to the Diagnostics menu without resetting the meter.

When **Ent/Ack** is pressed within three seconds, the meter goes through an initialization sequence (same as on power-up), and loads the factory default settings.

Factory defaults and user settings

The following table shows the factory setting for most of the programmable parameters on the meter. Record the new settings for your particular application in the User Setting column of the Parameter Table below. (SITRANS Remote Display software allows the saving of all meter parameters to a file for restoring meter settings, reporting, and copying settings to other meters. See SITRANS Remote Display Software Instruction Manual for more details.)

Model: ______ S/N: _____ Date: _____

| Display | Parameter | Default Setting | User Setting |
|---------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|
| inPt | Input type | 4-20 mA | |
| ProG | Programming | Scale | |
| inP1 | Input 1 | 4.00 mA | |
| diS1 | Display 1 | 4.00 | |
| inP2 | Input 2 | 20.00 mA | |
| diS2 | Display 2 | 20.00 | |
| dd.dd | Decimal point | 2 places | |
| rLY1 | Relay 1 | | |
| Act1 | Action 1 | Automatic | |
| SEt1 | Set 1 | 7.00 | |
| rSt1 | Reset 1 | 6.00 | |
| rLY2 | Relay 2 | | |
| Act2 | Action 2 | Automatic | |

| SEt2 | Set 2 | 10.00 |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| rSt2 | Reset 2 | 9.00 |
| FLSF | Fail-safe | |
| FLS1 | Fail-safe 1 | Off |
| FLS2 | Fail-safe 2 | Off |
| dLAy | Time delay | |
| On1 | On delay 1 | 0 sec |
| OFF1 | Off delay 1 | 0 sec |
| On2 | On delay 2 | 0 sec |
| OFF2 | Off delay 2 | 0 sec |
| PASS | Password | 0000 (unlocked) |
| Advanced Features | | |
| Adj | Adjust | 0.0° (temp only) |
| FLtr | Filter | 10 |
| byPS | Bypass | 0.2 |
| SErL | Serial settings | |
| PdC | Protocol | PDC protocol |
| Addr | Address | 00 |
| bAud | Baud rate | 2400 |
| trdE | Trans delay | 10 ms |
| Func | Function | Linear |
| Cut F | Cutoff value | 0.00 (disabled) |
| out | Output option | Factory set only |
| inty | Display intensity | Level 2 |
| Modbus Defaults | | |
| Addr | Address | 247 |
| prty | Parity | Even |
| tbyt | Byte-to-byte timeout* | 0.01 sec |

* The byte-to-byte timeout setting might be updated automatically depending on the baud rate selected and the previous timeout setting. The minimum timeout allowed is saved to memory if a lower value is entered (for example, if user enters 0.00 with a baud rate of 300, 0.06 is saved).

Appendix B - Troubleshooting Tips

| Symptom | Check/Action |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| No display at all | Check power at power connector |
| Not able to change setup or | Meter is locked; enter correct four-digit |
| programming; <i>LoCd</i> is displayed | password to unlock |
| Meter displays error message | Check: |
| during calibration (<i>err</i>) | Signal connections |
| | Input selected in Setup menu |
| Material and and | Objects |
| wieter displays | Uneck: |
| | TC/BTD Switch position |
| -1999 | Corresponding signal at Signal connector |
| Displays negative number, not | |
| responding to RTD. | |
| Display alternates between | Broos Monu CO to ovit diaplay |
| <i>Hi</i> and a number | |
| <i>Lo</i> and a number | Teaunys. |
| Display response is too slow | Check filter and bypass values |
| Inaccurate temperature reading | Check: |
| | Temperature units (×F or ×C) |
| | IC type or KID curve selected |
| | |
| | Calibration |
| If the display locks up or the meter | Cycle the power to restart the |
| does not respond at all | microprocessor. |
| Relay operation is reversed | Check: |
| | Fail-safe in Setup menu |
| | Wiring of relay contacts |
| Relay and status LED do not | Check: |
| respond to signal | Relay action in Setup menu |
| | Set and reset points |
| Meter not communicating with | Check: |
| STINANS REMOTE Display Software | Serial adapter and cable |
| or other programs | Meter address and haud rate |
| | SITBANS Remote Display Software |
| | address and baud rate |
| Other symptoms not described | Contact your local Siemens |
| above | representative for assistance. |

Notes

Appendix C - Quick User Interface Reference Guide



| Pushbutton | Function |
|-------------|--|
| Menu | Go to Programming Mode or leave Programming, Advanced Features, and $\ensuremath{Max}/\ensuremath{Min}$ Modes. |
| Right Arrow | Move to next digit. |
| Up Arrow | Move to next selection or increment digit. |

Right Arrow & Menu held for 3 seconds enters Advanced Features.

Max/Min Mode

While in Run Mode, pressing **Up** Arrow will initiate Max/Min Mode. **Up** Arrow toggles between Max & Min displays, and **Right** Arrow resets the Max/Min to the current value. Press **Menu** or wait 10 seconds to return to Run Mode. Pressing **Enter/Ack** will disable the 10 second timeout and continuously display Max or Min.

Press & hold **Right** arrow and **Menu** for 3 seconds to access Advanced Features Menu



Appendix D -Serial Communication Protocol (PDC)

SITRANS RD200 PDC

This section describes how to communicate with the SITRANS RD200 meter using the Serial Communication Protocol (PDC). The user should be familiar with serial communications and the meter. Refer to the instruction manuals for the meter and the serial communication adapters for setup and wiring instructions.

Serial communications uses 8 data bits, 1 start bit and 1 stop bit. Data is standard 7-bit ASCII, with the 8th bit ignored for received data and cleared for transmitted data.

Note that in this document, hex data is indicated by a "0x" prefix, ASCII characters are shown with single quotes, as in '8' (= 0x38), and ASCII strings are shown with double quotes, as in "SFT013".

To accommodate multiple devices sharing a common serial network (RS-485), there is a programmable address code. The address code is selected from the front panel or via serial command 38. Note that the address is required even for point-to-point configurations (RS-232 and RS-422).

All data transfers are initiated by a request from the host computer and completed by a reply from the meter. Multiple requests cannot be processed simultaneously. It is the responsibility of the host to wait at least 500 milliseconds after completing a request before assuming that the message was not received correctly.

Table of Commands

| Command Code | Description |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 10 | Read Process Value |
| 11 | Read Maximum Process Value |
| 12 | Read Minimum Process Value |
| F0 | Read Product Identifier |
| F1 | Read Firmware Version |
| 30 | Reset the Maximum Process Value |
| 31 | Reset the Minimum Process Value |
| 32 | Initialize Meter |
| 19 | Display Intensity |
| 20 | Input Selection Parameters |
| 21 | Lockout Code |
| 22 | Filter Value |
| 23 | Bypass Value |
| 24 | Adjustment Value |
| 26 | Relay Set and Reset Points |
| 27 | Relay Operating Parameters |
| 28 | Relay Turn-Off and Turn-On Time Delay |
| 29 | Serial Transmission Time Delay |
| 39 | Relay Acknowledge |
| 37 | Current and Voltage Decimal Points |
| 40 | 4-20 mA Out – Data |
| 41 | 4-20 mA Out – Mode |
| 42 | 4-20 mA Out – Filter |
| 43 | 4-20 mA Out – Limits |
| 44 | 4-20 mA Out – Input and Output points |
| 47 | Cutoff Value |
| 48 | Linear/Exponential Selection |

Command Packet Format

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | Comm and Code | Comm and Code | Data (as reqd.) | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

- 1. SOH (0x01) Unconditional start of message character. Valid any time except while a reply is in progress.
- 2. Two character meter address code (00 99).
- 3. Two character command code.
- 4. Data or argument field(s) if required.
- Two character ASCII hex checksum (0x00 0xFF) which represents the 8 bit result of the negative of the sum of all data characters in the command code and data fields. Parity bits are excluded from the calculation.

Checksum = 1 + not(Command Code[high] + Command Code[low] + any data or arguments)

6. ETX (0x03) - Terminator character.

Example: Read the set point for Relay #1 of meter 00: Address: 00 Command Code: 26 Arguments: "S0."'S' = Set point; '0' = Relay #1 (relay numbering starts with 0) Checksum = 1 + not('2' + '6' + 'S' + '0') = 1 + not(0x32 + 0x36 + 0x53 + 0x30) = 1 + not(0xEB) = 1 + 0x14 = 0x15 Therefore, the complete command peaket that is cent = 0x01 "0026C015" 0x02

Therefore, the complete command packet that is sent = 0x01, "0026S015,"0x03 ln hex form = 0x01 0x30 0x30 0x32 0x36 0x53 0x30 0x31 0x35 0x03

Reply Packet Format

| STX | Command | Command | Data | Check- | Check- | ETX |
|--------|---------|---------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|
| (0x02) | Code | Code | (as req'd.) | sum | sum | (0x03) |

- 1. STX (0x02) Start character.
- 2. Two character command code.
- 3. Data field if required.
- 4. Two character ASCII hex checksum (00 FF), which represents the negative of the sum of all data characters in the command code and data fields.
- 5. ETX (0x03) Terminator character.

All received data is thoroughly checked for errors. To prevent serial bus conflicts no reply is sent unless valid start and end characters and the proper address code are received. Invalid messages longer than 22 characters will result in a receive-buffer overflow and will not generate a reply. Normal operation resumes with the reception of the next start of message character.

To aid in the development of application software, certain syntax errors will result in replies containing special error codes in the command code field.

| Error Code | Description |
|------------|--|
| ZO | Message too short to be valid |
| Z1 | Checksum error |
| Z2 | Invalid command code |
| Z4 | Incorrect amount of data in the data field |
| Z6 | Invalid data in the data field |
| Z7 | EEPROM write error |

Read Only Commands

Code: 10 Description: Read Process Value

Command

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '1' | '0' | '9' | 'F' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| (0,01) | Auuress | Audiess | | | | | (0703) |

Reply

| STX (0x02) | '1' | '0' | Relay Status | ʻUʻ ʻOʻ ʻP' ʻ-' | n | n | n | n | n | n | n | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|-----------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

The reply data is nine characters consisting of a relay status character, followed by 'U' (Under Range), 'O' (Over Range), 'P' (Open), '+', or '-' followed by a number string including a decimal point, if it is selected for display. The number string is always seven characters, consisting of either six digits and a decimal point, or six digits with a leading zero if no decimal point is selected. The Open character indicates an overrange condition for a temperature input. The relay status represents the energized or de-energized state of the relay(s), and is active low logic (status 0 = relay energized).

Relay Status Character

| Relay 2 | Relay 1 | Hex character |
|---------|---------|------------------|
| On | On | 0 |
| On | Off | 1 |
| Off | On | 2 |
| Off | Off | 3 |

Code: 11 Description: Read Maximum Process Value

Command

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '1' | '1' | ʻ9' | Έ | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---------------|
| | | | | | | | 1 |

Reply

| STX (0x02) '1' | '1' | '+' ' <u>-</u> ' | n | n | n | n | n | n | n | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|-------------------|-----|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|-------------------|-----|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

The reply data format is eight characters consisting of '+' or '-' followed by a number string. The number string is always seven characters, consisting of either six digits and a decimal point, or six digits with a leading zero if no decimal point is selected.

Code: 12 Description: Read Minimum Process Value

Command

| SOH | Meter | Meter | '1' | ʻ <u>ʻ</u> | ' 0' | ' ח' | ETX |
|--------|---------|---------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| (0x01) | Address | Address | 1 | 2 | 9 | D | (0x03) |

Reply

| STX (0x02) '1' '2' '+' n n n | n n n n | Check- Check- ETX sum sum (0x03) |
|------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
|------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|

The reply data format is eight characters consisting of '+' or '-' followed by a number string. The number string is always seven characters, consisting of either six digits and a decimal point, or six digits with a leading zero if no decimal point is selected.

Code: FO Description: Read Product Identifier

Command

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | 'F' | '0' | '8' | Ä | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---------------|

Reply

| STX (0x02) | 'F' | '0' | | 'S' | 'F' | 'T' | '0' | '1' | '3' | | '3' | 'Β' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|-----|-----|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|-----|-----|---------------|

The reply data is eight characters consisting of a product identification string enclosed in quotation marks. An example is shown for "SFT013."

Code: F1 Description: Read Firmware Version

Command

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | 'F' | '1' | '8' | '9' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

Reply

| STX (0x02) 'F' '1' | ' " ' '0' '1 | ' ". '2' '3' | 3' '4' ' " ' '9' | , '4' ETX (0x03) |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------------|
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------------|

The reply data is eight characters consisting of the version code enclosed in quotation marks. An example is shown for "01.234."

No-Data Commands

Code: 30 Description: Reset the Maximum Process Value

Command

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '3' | '0' | ʻ9' | 'D' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

Reply

| STX (0x02) | '3' | ʻ0' | '9' | 'D' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

Code: 31 Description: Reset the Minimum Process Value

Command

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '3' | '1' | ʻ9' | 'C' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |

Reply

| STX (0x02) | '3' | '1' | ʻ9' | ʻC' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

Code: 32 Description: Initialize Meter

Command

| SOHMeterI(0x01)AddressA | Meter Address | '3' | '2' | ʻ9' | 'В' | ETX (0x03) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|-------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

Reply

| STX (0x02) '3' | '2' | ' 9' | 'B' | ETX (0x03) |
|-------------------|-----|-------------|-----|---------------|
|-------------------|-----|-------------|-----|---------------|

Initializes the meter in the following order:

- 1. Input configuration
- 2. Bypass and Filter values
- 3. Adjust value
- 4. Relay parameters (whether installed or not)
- 5. 4-20 mA output parameters (whether installed or not)
- 6. Serial parameters and address

There is no data in the reply.
Read/Write Commands

Code: 19 Description: Display Intensity

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '1' | '9' | '9' | '6' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '1' | ' 9' | '1' to '8' | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) '1' '9' | '1' to '8' | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Read and write the LED display intensity: '8' is the brightest level.

Code: 20 Description: Input Selection Parameters

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '0' | '9' | 'E' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '0' | Х | х | х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '2' | '0' | Х | Х | Х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) | |
|---------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
|---------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|

The data field is four ASCII hex characters representing a 16-bit value. These settings become effective only after an initialize command (Command 32) or a power down/power up cycle. Combinations other than those shown are reserved for future use and their use may result in improper operation.

| Bits | Description | |
|--------|---|---------------------------------|
| 15 - 8 | Input Selection | |
| | 0000000 | Volts |
| | 00010001 | Current |
| | 00100010 | RTD |
| | 00100011 (00110010 also valid, but 00100011 preferred) | Thermocouple |
| 7 | Temperature Units | |
| | 0 | Display temperature in °C |
| | 1 | Display temperature in °F |
| 6 - 4 | Volts or Current Decimal Point Selection (ignored for all other input selections) | |
| | 000 | ddddd. |
| | 001 | ddddd.d |
| | 010 | ddd.dd |
| | 011 | ddd.ddd |
| | 100 | dd.dddd |
| | 101 | d.dddd |
| | 110 | ddddd (no decimal) |
| | 111 | Not valid |
| 3 - 0 | Sensor Type | |
| | 0000 | Type J thermocouple |
| | 0001 | Type K thermocouple |
| | 0010 | Type T thermocouple |
| | 0011 | Type T thermocouple |
| | 0100 | Type E thermocouple |
| | 0101 | 100 Ω Platinum RTD (385) |
| | 0110 | 100 Ω Platinum RTD (392) |

Example: To program meter 00 for Type J thermocouple in degrees F:

Command packet: = 0x01, "00202380D1,"0x03

In hex form = 0x01 0x30 0x30 0x32 0x30 0x32 0x33 0x38 0x30 0x44 0x31 0x03

Note: If the input selection is Thermocouple or RTD, the decimal point should be selected for 123456 (110), except for Type T thermocouple with 0.1° resolution, resolution is then set to 12345.6 (001).

Code: 21 Description: Lockout Code

Command: Write only

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '1' | х | Х | Х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply

The data field consists of a four-digit number, 0000 through 9999. For security reasons the code cannot be read. The reply is "21."

Code: 22 Description: Filter Value

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '2' | ' 9' | 'C' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-------------|-----|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-------------|-----|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '2' | '+' | '0' | '0' | '0' | х | х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '2' | '2' | '+' | '0' | '0' | '0' | Х | Х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

The data field is 7 characters consisting of "+000" followed by the value. Valid values are 000, and 002 to 199.

Code: 23 Description: Bypass Value

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '3' | ' 9' | 'B' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-------------|-----|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-------------|-----|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '3' | '+' | '0' | '0' | '0' | х | х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '2' | '3' | '+' | '0' | '0' | '0' | х | х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

The data field is 7 characters consisting of "+000" followed by the value. The range is 002 to 999. Note that these values actually represent 0.2 to 99.9. The decimal point is implied.

Code: 24 Description: Adjustment Value

Command: Read

| SOHMeterMeter(0x01)AddressAddress | '2' | '4' | '9' | Ж | ETX (0x03) |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---------------|
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '4' | '+' '-' | '0' | '0' | '0' | х | х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '2' | '4' | '+' ' <u>-</u> ' | '0' | '0' | '0' | Х | Х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

The data field is 7 characters. The range is -199 to +199. Note that these values actually represent -19.9 to +19.9. The decimal point is implied.

Code: 26 Description: Relay Set and Reset Points

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '6' | 'S' 'R' | Relay # | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '6' | 'S' 'R' | Relay # | '+' ' <u>-</u> ' | '0' | '0' | х | х | Х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '2' | '6' | '+' ' <u>-</u> ' | '0' | '0' | х | х | Х | Х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

To read or write Reset Points, follow the command code with an 'R'. Use an 'S' for Set Points.

Note: Relay numbers start with zero, but in the meter instruction manuals, relay numbering starts with one.

The reply data format is eight characters consisting of '+' or '-' followed by a number string. The number string is always seven characters, consisting of either six digits and a decimal point, or six digits with a leading zero if no decimal point is selected. Note that the write command does not include the decimal point regardless of the decimal point setting.

Code: 27 Description: Relay Operating Parameters

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | '7' | Relay # | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH Meter Meter (0x01) Address Address | '2' | '7' | Relay # | '0' '1' | '0' '1' '2' '3' '4' '7' | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---|-----|-----|------------|------------|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---|-----|-----|------------|------------|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| SOH (0x01) | '2' | '7' | '0' '1' | '0' '1' '2' '3' '4' '7' | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|------------|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|------------|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Relay numbers start with zero. In the manuals, relay numbering starts with one.

The operating parameters consist of two digits, representing fail-safe and mode:

| First Digit | Second Digit |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 – Fail Safe off | 0 – Automatic Reset |
| 1 – Fail Safe on | 1 – Automatic and Manual Reset |
| | 2 – Latched Operation |
| | 3 – Latched Operation with Clear |
| | 4 – Alternating Operation |
| | 5 – Reserved. Do Not Use! |
| | 6 – Reserved. Do Not Use! |
| | 7 – Relay Disabled |

Code: 28 Description: Relay Turn-Off and Turn-On Time Delay

Command: Read

| SOH Meter Meter | 2′ '8′ | '0' | Relay | Check- | Check- | ETX |
|---------------------------|--------|-----|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| (0x01) Address Address '2 | | '1' | # | sum | sum | (0x03) |

Command: Write

| SOH Meter (0x01) Addre | Meter Address | '2' | '8' | '0' '1' | Relay # | '+' | '0' | '0' | '0' | х | Х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) '2' '8' | '+' 'O' 'O' | r x x | X Check Check- -sum sum | ETX (0x03) |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------|----------------------------|---------------|
|-----------------------|-------------|-------|----------------------------|---------------|

To read or write Turn-Off Time Delay, follow the command code with a '0'. Use a '1' for Turn-On Time Delay. The delay number is "+000" followed by the value in seconds. The range is 000 to 199.

Note: Relay numbers start with zero, but in the meter instruction manuals, relay numbering starts with one.

Code: 29 Description: Serial Transmission Time Delay

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '2' | ʻ9' | ʻ9' | '5' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| | | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 |

Command: Write

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '2' | ' 9' | '+' | '0' | '0' | '0' | х | х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

The data field is 7 characters consisting of "+000" followed by the value in milliseconds. The range is 000 to 199.

Code: 39 Description: Relay Acknowledge

Command:

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '3' | ʻ9' | '0' '1' 'Ľ | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply:

| STX (0x02) | '3' | ʻ9' | ʻ9' | '4' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

The data field is 1 character representing which relay(s) to acknowledge. 'L' will acknowledge all relays. Note that if a relay is not in a mode that allows acknowledgement, it will not be acknowledged.

Note: Relay numbers start with zero, but in the meter instruction manuals, relay numbering starts with one.

Code: 37 Description: Current and Voltage Decimal Points

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '3' | '7' | ʻ9' | '6' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01)Meter AddressMeter Address'3' | '7' | Current decimal point | Voltage decimal point | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|--|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|--|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) '3' '7' (| Current V | /oltage | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|-------------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Read or write the current and voltage (respectively) decimal point selections. The data field consists of two numbers representing the decimal point position. The range of each number is 0 to 6. This is the same data as described in command 20.

| Number | Decimal Point Position |
|-------------|------------------------|
| '0' | ddddd. |
| '1' | ddddd.d |
| '2' | dddd.dd |
| '3' | ddd.ddd |
| '4' | dd.dddd |
| '5' | d.dddd |
| ' 6' | ddddd (no decimal) |

CAUTION:

Starting with SITRANS RD200 Version 3.000, if the presently selected input is either mA or V, writing a new decimal point using this command will immediately update the displayed decimal point also.

Code: 40 Description: 4-20 mA Output - Data

Command: Read

| SOH Meter (0x01) Address | Meter Address | '4' | '0' | '9' | ʻC' | ETX (0x03) |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

Command: Write

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '4' | '0' | '+' | '0' | '0' | х | х | " • | Х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|--------|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|--------|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

The data field is 7 characters. The range is 0 to +2399. Note that these values actually represent 0.00 to +23.99 milliamps. Note that the write command does not include a decimal point.

The reply data format is eight characters consisting of '+' followed by a number string. The number string is always seven characters, consisting of either six digits and a decimal point, or six digits with a leading zero if no decimal point is selected.

Note: Although the data range is 0.00 to 23.99 mA, the actual minimum and maximum outputs available may be different from this range, depending on hardware tolerances. The hardware is designed for a nominal range of 1.00 to 23.00 mA.

Note: If the 4-20 mA source selection is not Serial Communication(mA), this command will have no effect on the 4-20 mA output. The reply will be –99.99 to indicate this improper operation. Refer to Command 41 (next) for Modes.

Code: 41 Description: 4-20 mA Output - Mode

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '4' | '1' | '9' | ʻB' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '4' | '1' | '0' 8' | '0' to '4' | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '4' | '1' | '0' '8' | '0' to '4' | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

The operating parameters consist of two digits, representing 4-20 mA Output Installed Status and data source:

| First Digit | Second Digit |
|-----------------------|--|
| 0 – No 4-20 mA Output | 0 – Display Value |
| 8 – 4-20 mA Output | 1 – Max Display Value |
| | 2 – Min Display Value |
| | 3 – Serial Communication: Data in mA |
| | 4 – Factory Use Only: Serial Comm: Data in counts |

Code: 42 Description: 4-20 mA Output - Filter Value

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '4' | '2' | ' 9' | Ä | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-------------|---|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-------------|---|---------------|

Command: Write

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '4' | '2' | '+' | '0' | '0' | '0' | '0' | Х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

The data field is 7 characters consisting of "+0000" followed by the value. Valid values are 00, and 02 to 19. Note that this filtering is in addition to the display filtering.

Note: Filter Value cannot be accessed through the front panel menu.

Code: 43 Description: 4-20 mA Output - Limits

Command: Read

| SOH Meter Meter (0x01) Address Address '4' | '0' '3' to '4' | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '4' | '3' | '0' to '4' | '+' | '0' | '0' | х | х | х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) '4 | 4′ | '3' | '+' | '0' | '0' | Х | Х | " • | Х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|--------|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|--------|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Read and write the value for 4-20 mA Output Limit parameters. The first argument specifies which limit is to be accessed. The data field following it is 7 characters. The range is 0 to +2399. Note that these values actually represent 0.00 to +23.99 milliamps. The decimal point in the write command is implied. The following table shows the arguments for the various limit parameters.

| Argument | Limit Parameter |
|------------|--------------------|
| '0' | Sensor Break Value |
| '1' | Overrange Value |
| '2' | Underrange Value |
| '3' | Max Value Allowed |
| '4' | Min Value Allowed |

Note: Only the Sensor Break Value can be accessed through the front panel menu.

Code: 44 Description: 4-20 mA Output - Input and Output Points

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '4' | '4' | '0' to '3' | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '4' | '4' | '0' to '3' | '+' ' <u>-</u> ' | '0' | '0' | х | х | х | х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '4' | '4' | '+' '-' | '0' | '0' | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Read and write the value for 4-20 mA Input and Output points. The first argument specifies which point is to be accessed. The data field following it is 7 characters.

Note that the values for DAC Outputs 1 and 2 actually represent 0.00 to +23.99 milliamps.

The range for Display Values is –1999 to +9999. The decimal point in the write command is implied. The decimal point in the reply for the Display Values will reflect the presently selected decimal point, but is fixed (00XX.XX) for the DAC Output values.

The following table shows the arguments for the various limit parameters.

| Argument | Point | Range |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| '0' | Display Value 1 | -1999 to +9999 |
| '1' | Display Value 2 | -1999 to +9999 |
| '2' | DAC Output 1 | 00.00 to +23.99 |
| '3' | DAC Output 2 | 00.00 to +23.99 |

Code: 47 Description: Cutoff Value

Command: Read

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '4' | '7' | '9' | '5' | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| | | | | | | | |

Command: Write

| SOH | Meter | Meter | · ^ · | ירי | | "0" | ' ∩' | v | v | v | v | Check- | Check- | ETX |
|--------|---------|---------|-------|-----|---|-----|-------------|---|---|---|---|--------|--------|--------|
| (0x01) | Address | Address | 4 | 1 | + | U | U | ^ | ^ | ^ | ^ | sum | sum | (0x03) |

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) '4' | '7' | '+' | '0' | '0' | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Read and write the value for the display Cutoff. Range is from 0000 to 9999, ignoring the decimal point. 0000 will disable cutoff. Cutoff is valid only for process inputs (current and voltage).

The reply data format is eight characters consisting of '+' followed by a number string. The number string is always seven characters, consisting of either six digits and a decimal point, or six digits with a leading zero if no decimal point is selected. Note that the write command does not include the decimal point regardless of the decimal point setting.

Code: 48 Description: Linear/Exponential Selection

Command: Read

| SOH (0×01) | Meter Addross | Meter Addross | '4' | ' 8' | '9' | '4' | ETX |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-------------|-----|-----|--------|
| (0X01) | Audress | Audress | | | | | (0x03) |

Command: Write

| SOH (0x01) | Meter Address | Meter Address | '4' | '8' | ίĽ Έ | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Reply: Write and Read

| STX (0x02) | '4' | '8' | Ί Έ | Check- sum | Check- sum | ETX (0x03) |
|---------------|-----|-----|--------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|---------------|-----|-----|--------|---------------|---------------|---------------|

Select Linear ('L') or Exponent ('E') display mode.

Linear: DisplayValue = (ADC_count * Gain) + Offset,

Exponent: DisplayValue = $((ADC_count - Input_low)^{0.5} * Gain) + Offset$, where Input_low, Gain, and Offset are user defined, either through scaling or external calibration.

Appendix E - Modbus Register Tables

This section describes how to communicate with the SITRANS RD200 meter using the Modbus[®] RTU Serial Communication Protocol. The user should be familiar with Modbus serial communication and the meter. Refer to the instruction manuals for the meter and the serial communication adapters for setup and wiring instructions.

Register Overview

40001 – 40016: Process Value (PV), Max PV, Min PV in integer and floating point formats, with interspersed relay status for block reading, Initialize, Reset Max & Min display value, Alarm & Relay status, Relay acknowledge, Linear/Square Root selection, Remote Process scaling initiation.

40101 – 40113: Input selection, Decimal points, Adjust, Bypass, Cutoff, Filter, Lock, Baud, Parity, Modbus Address, and Byte-to-byte timeout, Display Intensity.

40201 – 40212: Remote Scaling for Process inputs.

40301 – 40310: Relays; Set & Reset points, Turn-on & Turn-off delays, Operating Mode.

40401 – 40412: 4-20 mA output; Mode, Filter, Sensor Break value, Overrange value, Underrange value, Maximum allowed, Minimum allowed, Display 1 value, Display 2 value, Output 1, Output 2, Data (mA), Data (bits)

49101 – 49116: Product ID, Firmware Version, and Manufacturing Serial Number.

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| Register ¹ | | Name | Access | Limits or | Units | Data | Function | Comments |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| Number | Address (hex) | | | Range ^z | | Type ' | Code(s) | |
| 40001 | (0000) 0 | Display value | Read Only | -1999 to +9999 | User Defined | Integer | 03, 04 | Represents the display value without the decimal point. Decimal point setting in 40102. |
| 40002 | | Alarm and | Read both, | 1 = In Alarm | None | Bits | 03, 06, | Read alarm status and energized/non-energized status of relays. Alarms are read only, so the upper byte is ignored for writes. Writ- ing to a relay is only allowed when the relay is in the meter-dis- abled (Modbus accessible) mode. When writing, bits 2 through 15 are ignored. Alm = Alarm. Rly = Relay. |
| | (1000) | Helay status | Write Relays | 1 = relay ener- gized | | | ŧ0 | 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 m Al Al Al Al Al 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 |
| 40 003 | 2 (0002) | Maximum Display value | Read Write | -1999 to +9999 | User defined | Integer | 03, 06 04 | Represents the Maximum display value, excluding the decimal point, since last power up or Max Value reset. Decimal point set- ting in 40102. Writing any value will reset the Maximum display value to the present display value. |
| 40004 | 3 (0003) | Minimum Display value | Read Write | -1999 to +9999 | User defined | Integer | 03, 06 04 | Represents the Minimum display value, excluding the decimal point, since last power up or Min Value reset. Decimal point set- ting in 40102. Writing any value will reset the Minimum display value to the present display value. |
| 40005 40006 | 4 – 5 (0004–0005) | Display value | Read Only | -1999 to +9999 | User defined | Floating point | 03, 04 | Represents the display value including the decimal point. Access- ing 40005 or 40006 by itself will return 0xFFFF. |
| 40007 | 6 (00 <i>0</i> 6) | Alarm and Relay status | Read both, Write Relays | 1 = In Alarm 1 = relay ener- gized | None | Bits | 03, 06, 04 | Mirror of 40002. |

| Register ¹ | | Namo | | Limits or | atia 1 | Data | Function | Commonto |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|
| Number | Address (hex) | | Access | Range ² | 2000 | Type ³ | Code(s) | |
| 40008 - 40009 | 7 – 8 (0007–0008) | Maximum Dis- play value | Read Only | -1999 to +9999 | User defined | Floating point | 03, 04 | Represents the Maximum display value, including the decimal point, since last power up or Max Value reset. Accessing 40008 or 40009 by itself will return 0xFFFF. |
| 40010 - 40011 | 9 – 10 (0009–000A) | Minimum Dis- play value | Read Only | -1999 to +9999 | User Defined | Floating point | 03, 04 | Represents the Minimum display value, including the decimal point, since last power up or Min Value reset. Accessing 40010 or 40011 by itself will return 0xFFFF. |
| 40012 | 11 (000B) | Linear/Square Root | Read Write | 0xFF00 = Sq. rt 0x0000 = Lin- ear | None | Bit | 03, 06, 04 | Determines process input function. Write 0x0000 for linear func- tion. Write 0xFf00 for square root. Any other write value is ignored and has no effect. |
| 40013 | 12 (000C) | Alarm Acknowledge | Write Only | Not applicable | None | Bits | 90 | Clear Relay r alarm condition. Set bit equal to 1 to acknowledge. Only has effect on relays programmed to allow manual acknowl- edging. Alm = Alarm; X = don't care. 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 X X X X M M Al Al Al X X X X X X X X X X X |
| 40014 | 13 (000D) | Initialize Meter | Write Only | 0xFF00 to ini- tialize. | None | Bit | 90 | Write 0xFF00 to reinitialize the meter. Writing any other data has no effect. |
| 40015 | 14 (000E) | Remote Scale mA | Write Only | 0xFF00 to exe- cute remote scaling. | None | Bit | 90 | Used to remote scale the mA input. Writing any other data has no effect. Cautionl See "Remote scaling procedure" on page 93. |
| 40016 | 15 (000F) | Remote Scale Volts | Write Only | 0xFF00 to exe- cute remote scaling. | None | Bit | 90 | Used to remote scale the Volts input. Writing any other data has no effect. Cautionl See "Remote scaling procedure" on page 93. |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 40101 | 100 (0064) | Input selection | Read Write | Not applicable | None | Word; bit flags | 03, 06, 16, 04 | See "Input configuration" on page 95. |

| Register ¹ | | Name | Access | Limits or | Units | Data | Function | Comments |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Number | Address (hex) | | | Range ^z | | Type ³ | Code(s) | |
| 40102 | 101 (0065) | Active Decimal Point | Read Write | 1, 2, 3, or 6 | None | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | 6 = no decimal point. 1 to 3 = number of digits to right of dp. Mirror of bits 6-4 of 40101. Only process decimal points can be written. Writing a non-process dp returns 0xFFFF. |
| 40103 | 102 (0066) | Current and Voltage decimal points | Read Write | 0x00CV, where C & V = 1, 2, 3, or 6. | None | Word | 03, 06, 16, 04 | See "Decimal Point for RD200" on page 96. If an out of range value is sent for either or both decimal points, no change is made for that value. Valid settings are none, 1, 2, and 3 decimal places. |
| 40104 | 103 (0067) | Adjust | Read Write | -199 to +199 | °C or °F | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | Actually represents -19.9 to +19.9. Offset value is only applied to temperature inputs. If Adjust is greater than 11° C and the temperature units are switched to °F, it will be set to 19.9 (lower than -11, set to -19.9). |
| 40105 | 104 (0068) | Bypass | Read Write | 2 to 999 | Percent of full scale or °F | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | Actually represents 0.2 to 99.9. If the input steps greater than the bypass value, it will be displayed immediately, with no filtering occurring. The number represents percent of full-scale for pro- cess inputs and °F for temperature inputs. No effect if filter = 0. |
| 40106 | 105 (0069) | Cutoff | Read Write | 0 to 9999 | User Defined | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | Represents the cutoff value without the decimal point. Valid only for process inputs. |
| 40107 | 106 (006A) | Filter | Read Write | 0, 2 to 199 | Unit-less | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | Display filtering. 0 = no filtering. New = old + ((new - old)/Filter) |
| 40108 | 107 (006B) | Lock | Read Write | 0x0000 to 0x9999 | None | Integer (Packed BCD) | 03, 06, 16, 04 | See "The Lock Register" on page 94. |
| 40109 | 108 (006C) | Baud | Read Write | 0 to 6 | None | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | 0 = 300, 1 = 600, 2 = 1200, 3 = 2400, 4 = 4800, 5 = 9600, & 6 = 19200. Changes to this register are saved but don't take effect until next meter reset (Modbus command or power-up). Writing out of range data results in a baud rate of 2400. |

| Register ¹ | | Name | Access | Limits or | Units | Data | Function | Comments |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|
| Number | Address (hex) | | | Range ^z | | Type ³ | Code(s) | |
| 40110 | 109 (006D) | Parity | Read Write | 0 to 2 | None | Word; bit flags | 03, 06, 16, 04 | 0 = None, 1 = Odd, 2 = Even. Changes to this register are saved but don't take effect until next meter reset (Modbus command or power-up). Writing out of range data results in a parity setting of Even. |
| 40111 | (006E) | Byte-to-byte | Write | 0 to 2.54 | Seconds | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | This is the timeout between bytes of a Modbus frame. Note that a value less than the minimum value for the present baud rate cannot be saved. Minimums are: 300 baud = 0.06 secs, 600 = 0.03, 1200 = 0.02 and 0.01 for 2400 to 19200. Changes to this register are saved but don't take effect until next meter reset (Modbus command or power-up). Writing out of range data results in a timeout of 2.54 seconds. |
| 40112 | 111 (006F) | Modbus Address | Read Write | 1 to 247 | None | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | Changes to this register are saved but don't take effect until next meter reset (Modbus command or power-up). Writing out of range data results in an address of 247. |
| 40113 | 112 (0070) | Display Intensity | Read Write | 1 to 8 | None | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | 8 is the brightest level. Writing out of range data results in level 2 brightness. |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 40201 40202 | 200 (00C8) 201 (00C9) | Display 1 & 2, ImA | Read Write | -1999 to 9999 | User Defined | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | Used to remotely scale the mA input. This data represents the dis- play value without a decimal point. Caution! See "Remote scaling procedure" on page 93. |
| 40203 - 40204 40205 - 40206 | 202 - 203 (00CA-00CB) 204 - 205 (00CC-00CD) | Input 1 & 2, mA | Read Write | -1999 to 2000 | 10's of A (-19.99 to 20.00 mA) | Floating point | 03, 06, 16, 04 | Used to remotely scale the mA input. If data sent is out of range, default values of 400 and 2000, respectively, will be used instead. This data represents the input points in mA. For example: 400 4.00 mA. Caution! See "Remote scaling procedure" on page 93. |

| Register ¹ Number | Address | Name | Access | Limits or Range ² | Units | Data Type ³ | Function Code(s) | Comments |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| | (hex) | | | | | | | |
| 40207 | 206 (00CE) | Display 1 & 2, | Read | 1000 to 0000 | Leor Defined | hto cor | 03, 06, 16, | Used to remotely scale the Volts input. If data sent is out of range, default values of 0 and 1000, respectively, will be used instead. |
| 40208 | 207 (00CF) | Volts | Write | | | | 04 | This data represents the display value without a decimal point. Caution! See "Remote scaling procedure" on page 93. |
| | 208 – 209 //0000_0001/ | | | PD644: 0 to 3000 | PD644: Tenths of Volts (000.0 to | | | Used to remotely scale the Volts input. If data sent is out of range, defeate volume of 0 and 1000 memory will be used instead |
| 40209 - 40210 | | Input 1 & 2, | Read | | 300.0 V) | Floating | 03, 06, 16, | ueraut values of o and rooo, respectively, will be used instead. This data represents the input points in volts. For example: 1000 |
| 40211 - 40212 | 210 – 211 (00D2–00D3) | Volts | Write | PD765: -999 to 1000 | PU /65: 10's of mV (-9.99 to 10.00 V) | point | 4 | 10.00 V. Cautionl See "Remote scaling procedure" on page 33. |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 300 301 | Relay 1: Set point | | -1999 to +9999 | User Defined | Integer | | Set and Reset points represent the display value without the deci- |
| 4u3ul To | 302 | Reset point | Read | -1999 to +9999 | User Defined | Integer | 03, 06, 16, | mai point. |
| 40305 | 303 304 | Turn-on delay Turn-off delav | Write | 0 to 199 0 to 199 | Seconds Seconds | Integer Integer | 04 | See "Relay Configuration" on page 96 for operating modes and bit |
| | (012C to 0130) | Mode | | Bits 4, 2, 1, 0 | None | Word: bits | | assignments. |
| 40306 | 305 306 307 | Relay 2: Set point Reset noint | Веал | -1999 to +9999 -1999 to +9999 | User Defined User Defined | Integer Integer | 03 06 16 | Set and Reset points represent the display value without the deci- mal point. |
| To 40310 | 308 | Turn-on delay | Write | 0 to 199 | Seconds | Integer | 04 | Saa "Balav Confinuestion" on naga 06 for anarsting modes and hit |
| | 309 (0131 to 0135) | Turn-off delay Mode | | 0 to 199 Bits 4, 2, 1, 0 | Seconds None | Integer Word: bits | | סכט הנימץ טחוואטיו מניטו טון אמצע טרוט טרט מניוש ווסטנט מווע טון assignments. |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Register ¹ | | Name | Access | Limits or | Units | Data | Function | Comments |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|---------------|------------------------|--------------|---------|-------------------|---|
| Number | Address (hex) | | | Range ^z | | Type ' | Code(s) | |
| 40401 | 400 (0190) | 4-20mA out – Mode | Read Write | 0000 0000 VVV0 000V | None | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | Selects output option and where the data source for the 4-20 mA output. See "4-20 mA Output Modes" on page 97. |
| 40402 | 401 (0191) | 4-20mA out – Filter | Read Write | 0, 2 to 19 | None | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | <i>This feature is not available through manual programming.</i> 4-20 mA filtering: 0 = no filtering. Writing out of range data results in a value of 0. New = old + ((new - old)/Filter) |
| 40403 | 402 (0192) | 4-20mA out – Sensor Break value | Read Write | 0 to 2399 | 10s of A | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | Due to hardware variations, actual output range is designed to be at least 1.00 to 23.00 mA. Writing out of range data results in a value of 3.00 mA. |
| 40404 | 403 (0193) | 4-20mA out – Overrange value | Read Write | 0 to 2399 | 10s of A | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | <i>This feature is not available through manual programming.</i> Due to hardware variations, actual output range is designed to be at least 1.00 to 23.00 mA. Writing out of range data results in a value of 21.00 mA. |
| 40405 | 404 (0194) | 4-20mA out – Underrange value | Read Write | 0 to 2399 | 10s of A | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | <i>This feature is not available through manual programming.</i> Due to hardware variations, actual output range is designed to be at least 1.00 to 23.00 mA. Writing out of range data results in a value of 3.00 mA. |
| 40406 | 405 (0195) | 4-20mA out – Maximum value allowed | Read Write | 0 to 2399 | 10s of A | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | <i>This feature is not available through manual programming.</i> Due to hardware variations, actual output range is designed to be at least 1.00 to 23.00 mA. Writing out of range data results in a value of 23.00 mA. |
| 40407 | 406 (0196) | 4-20mA out – Minimum value allowed | Read Write | 0 to 2399 | 10s of A | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | <i>This feature is not available through manual programming.</i> Due to hardware variations, actual output range is designed to be at least 1.00 to 23.00 mA. Writing out of range data results in a value of 0.00 mA. |
| 40408 | 407 (0197) | 4-20mA out – Display Value 1 | Read Write | -1999 to +9999 | User Defined | Integer | 03, 16, 04 | 4-20mA out scaling. Represents the display value without the dec- imal point. |

| Register ¹ | | Name | Access | Limits or | Units | Data | Function | Comments |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| Number | Address (hex) | | | Range ^z | | Type ³ | Code(s) | |
| 40409 | 408 (0198) | 4-20mA out – Display Value 2 | Read Write | -1999 to +9999 | User Defined | Integer | 03, 16, 04 | 4-20mA out scaling. Represents the display value without the dec- imal point. |
| 40410 | 409 (0199) | 4-20mA out – Output 1 | Read Write | 0 to 2399 | 10s of A | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | 4-20mA out scaling. Represents the mA output at Display 1 value without decimal point. Writing out of range data results in a value of 23.99 mA. |
| 40411 | 410 (019A) | 4-20mA out – Output 2 | Read Write | 0 to 2399 | 10s of A | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | 4-20mA out scaling. Represents the mA output at Display 2 value without decimal point. Writing out of range data results in a value of 23.99 mA. |
| 40412 | 411 (019B) | 4-20mA out – Data in mA or Data in bits | Read Write | 0 to 2399 or 0 to 65535 | 10s of A (00.00 to 23.99 mA) or DAC bits | Integer | 03, 06, 16, 04 | If 4-20mA out mode is set to "Serial Comm, mA" (0x83) this register is in 10's of A. Due to hardware variations, the actual output range is at least 1.00 to 23.00 mA. Writing out of range data results in a value of 23.99 mA. If 4-20mA out mode is set to "Serial Comm, bits" (0x84), this register is in DAC bits. See "4-20 mA Output Modes" on page 97. |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 49101 To 49104 | 9100 – 9103 (238C – 238F) | Product Identi- fier | Read Only | Not applicable | None | ASCII char- acters | 03, 04 | 8 characters indicating the product firmware number |
| 49105 To 49108 | 9104 – 9107 (2390 – 2393) | Firmware Ver- sion | Read Only | Not applicable | None | ASCII char- acters | 03, 04 | 8 characters indicating the firmware version number |
| 49109 To 49116 | 9108 – 9115 (2394 – 239B) | Mfg. Serial Number | Read Only | Not applicable | None | ASCII char- acters | 03, 04 | 16 (max) characters indicating the manufacturing serial number information. |

Notes:

- 1. Register numbers and Addresses The Register numbers and addresses follow the Modbus format:
 - 3xxxx are for Input Registers and are read-only.
 - 4xxxx are for Holding Registers and are read/write.

Although there are no specific 3x Registers, all 4x Registers are mirrored into 3x register space, and are therefore capable of being read by Modbus function 04 (Read Input Registers). All data addresses in Modbus messages are referenced to zero (0), while Register addresses are referenced to one (1). For example, Register 40100 is sent in the Modbus message as 0x0063 (100-1 = 99 63 hex). If two addresses are shown separated by a " – ", they form a register pair to make the parameter into a 4-byte (32 bit) value.

2. Limits or Range

Writing a value that is outside the parameters range will force it to be limited to the closest value within the range. For example, if the range is -1.99 to +1.99 and the value sent is 3.21, the value used is 1.99. Likewise for the lower side of the range. Exceptions are noted in the comments.

3. Data Types

Data format is highest byte first. Word = 16 bit Integer = -32768 to 32767 Long = -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 Float = IEEE floating point format, 4 bytes

"Decimal point setting in 40102." These values represent the number without regard to the decimal point. The decimal point setting can be found in Holding Register 40102. For example, if the number 12.34 is displayed, a read of 40001 will return 1234 (0x04D2). Register 40102 will contain 2 (0x0002) to indicate a decimal point setting of two places to the right of the decimal point. Floating point versions of these numbers, with the decimal point included, are also available.

| Process value displayed | Register 40001 | Register 40102 | Registers 40005 – 40006 |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| 1.234 | 04D2 | 0003 | 3F9D – F3B6 |
| 12.34 | 04D2 | 0002 | 4145 – 70A4 |
| 123.4 | 04D2 | 0001 | 42F6 – CCCD |
| -123.4 | FB2E | 0001 | C2F6 – CCCD |

Examples (register values are shown in hexadecimal):

- 4. Remote scaling procedure
 - a. Write the desired values for the display, Display 1 & 2.
 - b. Write the desired values for the input, Input 1 & 2, for mA or volts. Note that the values written to SITRANS RD200 are (mA * 100) or (volts * 100) because of the meter's input specifications (4 digit, 20.00 mA and 10.00 volt input ranges).
 - c. Write to the remote scaling register for either mA or volts.

- WARNING: The scaling process takes the input values in mA or volts and converts them to A/D counts. Therefore, do NOT execute a remote scaling register write without first writing the display and input registers. Similarly, do NOT write to the mA (volts) registers and then execute a remote scale command for the volts (mA) input.
- 5. The Lock Register

A read of the Lock register will return 0x0000 if the meter is unlocked, otherwise it will return 0xFFFF to indicate a locked meter. To unlock, the correct lock number must be written, which will then clear the lock number to 0x0000. If the wrong lock number is written, the reply will return 0xFFFF. If the correct lock number is written, the reply will be 0x0000. An unlocked meter can be locked by writing any non-zero value, but the value must be in BCD (i.e. only nybbles between 0 and 9. If a nybble between A and F is sent, no change to lock status will occur and the return value will be 0xFF0).

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Tables

Input configuration

Temperature sensor type and units are only used when temperature is input selected. Decimal point is automatically set for SITRANS RD200, if temperature input is selected. Invalid selections will result in default settings (shown by the asterisks). Defaults are based on the input selected: for example, if RTD is selected, thermocouple type selection is not allowed and decimal point is forced to none.

| 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0 | Input selected | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 11, 10, 9, 8 | Temperature sensor type | |
| 14, 13, 12 | Active decimal point setting | |
| 15 | °F or °C | |
| Bit(s) | Function | |

| 0 °C 0x1000 123.4 0x0000 J* 0x0000 Volts* 1 °F 0x2000 12.34* 0x0100 K 0x0011 mA 0x3000 12.34 0x0200 T 0x0022 RTD mA 0x6000 12.34 0x0300 T, 0.1° 0x0023 TC TC 0x6000 1234 0x0300 T, 0.1° 0x0023 TC TC 0x6000 1234 0x0300 T, 0.1° 0x0023 TC TC 0x6000 1234 0x0300 T, 0.1° 0x0023 TC TC 0x0500 1234 0x0305 T, 0.1° 0x0023 TC TC 0x0500 100 RTD* 0x0035 * Amontal selections Amontal selections | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------|----------------------|---|
| 0 °C 0x1000 123.4 0x0000 J* 1 °F 0x2000 12.34* 0x0100 K 0x3000 12.34 0x0200 T T 0x6000 12.34 0x0300 T 0.1° 0x6000 1234 0x0300 T 0.1° 0x6000 1234 0x0300 T 0.1° 0x6000 1234 0x0300 T 0.1° 0x6000 1234 0x0300 T 0.1° | 0x00000 Volts * | 0x0011 mA | 0x0022 RTD | 0x0023 TC | | | * Default settings for invalid selections |
| 0 °C 0x1000 123.4 0x0000 1 °F 0x2000 12.34 * 0x0100 0x3000 12.34 * 0x0200 0x0200 0x6000 12.34 * 0x0200 0x0200 0x6000 1234 0x0300 0x0300 0x6000 1234 0x0300 0x0400 | * ſ | × | L | T, 0.1° | ш | 100 RTD * 0.00385 | 100 RTD 0.00392 |
| 0 °C 0x1000 123.4 1 °F 0x2000 12.34 * 0x3000 1.234 0x6000 1234 | 0000X0 | 0x0100 | 0x0200 | 0x0300 | 0x0400 | 0x0500 | 0x0600 |
| 0 °C 0×1000 1 °F 0×2000 0×8000 0×6000 | 123.4 | 12.34 * | 1.234 | 1234 | | | |
| 0 - - - - - - - - - - | 0x1000 | 0x2000 | 0x3000 | 0x6000 | | | |
| 0 | ູ | Å | | | - | | |
| | 0 | - |] | | | | |

Decimal Point for RD200

| Bit(s) | 15 — 8 | 7 – 4 | 3-0 |
|----------|---------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Function | 0000000 | Decimal Point for mA | Decimal Point for Volts |
| | | Decimal Point Sel | ections for RD200 |
| | | 0x1 | 123.4 |
| | | 0x2 | 12.34 |
| | | 0x3 | 1.234 |
| | | 0x6 | 1234 |

The relationship between these decimal point settings and the one found in 40101 (and mirrored in 40102) is that the decimal point setting in 40101 is the active (presently displayed) decimal point, and the settings found in 40103 are the settings for the mA and Volts inputs. If the mA input is selected, the decimal point setting in bits 14 to 12 of 40101 will be the same as the one in bits 7 to 4 of 40103. If the voltage input is selected, the decimal point setting in bits 3 to 0 of 40103. If a temperature input is selected, the settings in 40103 may or may not be the same as the active setting (in 40101). There is no storage for the decimal point settings for the RTD or thermocouple inputs because these are fixed.

Relay Configuration

| Bit(s) | 15 – 8 | 7 – 5 | 4 | 3 | 2-0 |
|----------|----------|-------|----------------------|---|-----------|
| Function | 00000000 | 000 | Normal/ Fail-Safe | 0 | Operation |

| 0 | Normal | 0 | Automatic |
|---|-----------|---|----------------|
| • | | Ũ | reset |
| 1 | Fail-Safe | 1 | Auto & Man- |
| • | | • | ual reset |
| | | 2 | Latching |
| | | 3 | Latching with |
| | | 5 | Clear |
| | | Л | Pump Alter- |
| | | - | nation |
| | | 5 | Unused |
| | | 6 | Unused |
| | | | Off (Disabled) |
| | | 7 | (Modbus |
| | | | accessible) |
| | | | |

4-20 mA Output Modes

| Bit(s) | 15 – 8 | 7 | 6 - 3 | 2 - 0 |
|----------|----------|---------------|--------|---------------------|
| Function | 00000000 | Output Option | 0 00 0 | 4-20 mA Data Source |

| Rels 4-20 |
|--------------|
| 0 |

| 4 | Serial Comm., bits | The data for the 4-20 mA output is register 40412. |
|---|--------------------|--|
| 5 | Unused | |
| 9 | Unused | |
| 7 | Unused | |

Available Register Table

This table shows available registers for SITRANS RD200 with firmware version 3.xxx.

RD200

| Version 3.xxx | 40001 to 40016 | 40101 to 40113 | 40201 to 40212 | 40301 to 40310 | 40401 to 40412 | 49101 to 49116 | |
|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|

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